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ICC-ES Evaluation Report ESR-1990

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

fischer FIS EM PLUS ADHESIVE ANCHORING SYSTEM AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 International Residential Code® (IRC)

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see ESR-1990 LABC and LARC Supplement.

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

Adhesive anchors installed using the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System are post-installed adhesive anchors and the post-installed reinforcing bars are used as reinforcing bar connections (for development length and splice length) to resist static, wind and earthquake (IBC Seismic Design Categories A through F) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The anchoring system complies with the requirements for anchors as described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, Section 1909 of the 2012 IBC and is an alternative to cast-in-place and post-installed anchors described in Sections 1908 of the 2012 IBC, and Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 IBC. The anchor systems may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

Reissued September 2021

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The post-installed reinforcing bar connections are an alternative to cast-in-place reinforcing bars governed by ACI 318 and IBC Chapter 19.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchor System is comprised of the following components:

- Adhesive packaged in cartridges: fischer FIS EM Plus 390 S, fischer FIS EM Plus 585 S, or fischer FIS EM Plus 1500 S
- Adhesive mixing and dispensing equipment
- Equipment for hole cleaning and adhesive injection
- An anchor element (continuously threaded steel rod or a deformed steel reinforcing bar)

fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive may only be used with continuously threaded steel rods, internal threaded anchors or deformed steel reinforcing bars described in Tables 2, 3, 4, and 5 and depicted in Figures 4 and 7 of this report. The primary components of the fischer adhesive anchor system, including the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive and the anchoring elements are shown in Figure 8 of this report.

The manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII), as included with each adhesive unit package, are shown in Figure 6 of this report. The adhesive is also referred to as "mortar" in the installation instructions.

3.2 Materials:

3.2.1 fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive: fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive is an injectable epoxy adhesive. The two components are kept separate in a dual-chambered cartridge. The two components combine and react when dispensed through the static mixing nozzle FIS MR Plus (13.2 oz. cartridge) or FIS UMR (19.8 oz. or 50.7 oz. cartridge) attached to the manifold. The system is labeled fischer FIS EM Plus 390 S [13.2 oz (390 mL)], fischer FIS EM Plus 585 S [19.8 oz. (585 mL)] or fischer FIS EM Plus 1500 S [50.7 oz. (1500 ml)]. The cartridge is stamped with the adhesive expiration date. The shelf life, as indicated by the expiration date, corresponds to an unopened pack stored in a dry, dark environment. Storage temperature of the adhesive is 41°F to 86°F (5°C to 30°C). Short-term (less than 48-hour) temperature variations during adhesive storage are permitted as long as the temperature remains between 41°F and 104°F (5°C and 40°C). Under these conditions the shelf life is 36 months.





- 3.2.2 Hole Cleaning Equipment and Installation Accessories: Installation accessories include static mixing nozzles, extension tubes, and injection adapters as depicted in Figure 8 of this report.
- 3.2.2.1 Standard Hole Cleaning: Hole cleaning equipment comprised of steel wire brushes and air nozzles must be used in accordance with Figure 6 of this report.
- 3.2.2.2 Hole Cleaning with Hollow Drill Bit: When using a hollow drill bit, only the tested hollow drill bits with the manufacturer's designation fischer FHD, Bosch Speed Clean; Hilti TE-CD, TE-YD must be used. The dust extraction system must maintain a minimum volume flow of 36 liters per second (1.27 cubic foot per second). If these requirements are fulfilled, no additional hole cleaning is required
- 3.2.3 Dispensers: fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive must be dispensed with manual dispensers, cordless electric dispensers or pneumatic dispensers provided by fischerwerke.

3.2.4 Steel Anchor Elements:

- 3.2.4.1 Threaded steel rods: Threaded steel rods must be clean, continuously threaded rods (all-thread) in diameters as described in Figure 4 of this report. Steel design information for common grades of threaded rod and associated nuts are provided in Table 2 and Table 3 of this report. Carbon steel threaded rods are furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating in accordance with ASTM B633 SC 1, or must be hot-dipped galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153, Class C or D. Steel grade and type (carbon, stainless) for nuts and washers must correspond to the threaded steel rod. Threaded steel rods must be straight and free of indentations or other defects along their length. The end may be stamped with identifying marks and the embedded end may be blunt cut or cut on the bias (chisel point).
- 3.2.4.2 fischer Threaded Steel Rods FIS A and RG M: fischer FIS A and RG M anchor rods are threaded rods classified as ductile steel elements in accordance with Section 3.2.4.5 of this report. The fischer FIS A is a threaded rod with flat shape on both ends. The fischer RG M is a threaded rod with a chamfer shape on the embedded section and flat or hexagonal end on the concrete surface side, as shown in Tables 2 and 3 and Figure 8. Mechanical properties for the fischer FIS A and RG M are provided in Tables 2 and 3 of this report. The anchor rods are available in diameters as shown in Figure 4. fischer FIS A and RG M anchor rods are produced from carbon steel and furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating or fabricated from R or HCR stainless steel. Steel grade and type (carbon, stainless) for the washers and nuts must match the threaded rods. The threaded rods are marked on the head with an identifying mark (see Figure 7).
- 3.2.4.3 Steel Reinforcing bars for use in Post-installed Anchor Applications: Steel reinforcing bars are deformed reinforcing bars as described in Table 4 of this report. Figure 4 summarizes reinforcing bar size ranges. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil and other coatings that impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in ACI 318-19 Section 26.6.3.2 (b), or ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1 (b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.
- 3.2.4.4 fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I: fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I have a profile on the external surface and are internally threaded. Mechanical

properties for fischer internal threaded are provided in Table 5. The anchors are available in diameters and lengths as shown Figure 4. fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I are produced from carbon steel and furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating or fabricated from stainless steel. Specifications for common bolt types that may be used in conjunction with fischer internal threaded anchor RG M I are provided in Table 6. Steel grade and type (carbon, stainless) must match the internal threaded rods. Strength reduction factor, nominal diameter, corresponding to brittle steel elements must be used for fischer internal threaded anchors.

- 3.2.4.5 Ductility of Anchor Elements: In accordance with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Section 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, in order for a steel element to be considered ductile, the tested elongation must be at least 14 percent and reduction of area must be at least 30 percent. Steel elements with a tested elongation of less than 14 percent or a reduction of area of less than 30 percent, or both, are considered brittle. Values for various steel materials are provided in Tables 2 through 6 of this report. Where values are nonconforming or unstated, the steel must be considered brittle.
- 3.2.4.6 Steel Reinforcing bars for use in Post-installed Reinforcing Bar Connections: Steel reinforcing bars used in post-installed reinforcing bar connections are deformed bars (rebars) as depicted in Figure 8. Tables 37 and 38 summarize reinforcing bar size ranges. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil and other coatings that impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in ACI 318-19 Section 26.6.3.2 (b), or ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1 (b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.

3.3 Concrete:

Normal-weight concrete must comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC. The specified compressive strength of the concrete must be from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design:

4.1.1 General: The design strength of adhesive anchors under the 2021 IBC, as well as the 2021 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 and this report. The design strength of adhesive anchors under the 2018 and 2015 IBC, as well as the 2018 and 2015 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 and this report. The design strength of adhesive anchors under the 2012, and 2009 IBC, as well as the 2012, and 2009 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 and this report.

Design parameters are based on ACI 318-19 for use with 2021 IBC, or CI 318-14 for use with 2015 IBC or ACI 318-11 for use with the 2012, and 2009 IBC, as applicable, unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.11 of this report. Table 1 provides an index to the design strengths.

The strength design of adhesive anchors must comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or 318-11 D.4.1, as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

Design parameters are provided in Tables 7 through 36 of this report. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as described in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix C.

- 4.1.2 Static Steel Strength in Tension: The nominal steel strength of a single anchor in tension, Nsa, shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2, as applicable, and the associated strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are given in Tables 7, 12, 17, 22, 27 and 32 of this report for the anchor element types included in this report. See Table 1.
- 4.1.3 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension: The nominal static concrete breakout strength in tension of a single anchor of group of anchors, N_{cb} or N_{cbq} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, with the following addition:

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, using the values of $k_{c,cr}$, and $k_{c,uncr}$ as described in the tables of this report. Where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, N_b must be calculated using $k_{c,uncr}$ and $\Psi_{c,N}$ = 1.0. See Table 1. For anchors in lightweight concrete see ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable. The value of f'_c used for calculation must be limited to 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable. Additional information for the determination of nominal bond strength in tension is given in Section 4.1.4 of this report.

4.1.4 Static Bond Strength in Tension: The nominal static bond strength of a single adhesive anchor or group of adhesive anchors in tension, Na or Nag, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 17.6.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5, as applicable. Bond strength values $(\tau_{k,uncr} / \tau_{k,cr})$ are a function of the concrete state (cracked or uncracked), temperature range, drilling method (hammer drilling / diamond core drilling / hollow drill bit drilling), hole cleaning (standard / hollow drill bit) and the installation conditions (dry / water-saturated / water-filled hole / underwater), and the level of inspection provided (periodic / continuous). The resulting characteristic bond strength must be multiplied by the associated strength reduction factor ϕ_{nn} and the modification factor K_{nn} , where given, as follows:

DRILLING / CLEANING METHOD	CON- CRETE STATE	BOND STRENGTH	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR
			Dry Holes in Concrete	ϕ_d
			Water Saturated Holes in Concrete	φ _{ws}
	uncracked	Tk, uner	Water-filled Holes in Concrete	$\phi_{\mathit{wf}}\cdot K_{\mathit{wf}}$
Hammer			Underwater Installation in Concrete	φ _{uw}
drilling			Dry Holes in Concrete	ϕ_{d}
	cracked		Water Saturated Holes in Concrete	φ _{ws}
	cracked	Tk,cr	Water-filled Holes in Concrete	$\phi_{\mathit{wf}}\cdot K_{\mathit{wf}}$
			Underwater Installation in Concrete	φ _{uw}

DRILLING / CLEANING METHOD	CON- CRETE STATE	BOND STRENGTH	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR	
			Dry Holes in	$\phi_d\cdot K_d$	
			Concrete Water Saturated		
			Holes in	$\phi_{\text{WS}} \cdot K_{\text{WS}}$	
	uncracked	τ _{k.uncr}	Concrete		
		- K, and	Water-filled		
			Holes in	$\phi_{wf} \cdot K_{wf}$	
			Concrete		
			Underwater	,	
			Installation	ϕ_{uw}	
Core drilling			in Concrete		
		Tk,cr	Dry Holes in	4 V	
				$\phi_d \cdot K_d$	
			Concrete Water Saturated		
			Holes in	$\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$	
			Concrete	Ψ _{WS} · Λ _{WS}	
	cracked		Water-filled		
			Holes in	$\phi_{wf} \cdot K_{wf}$	
			Concrete	ΨWr 11 Wr	
			Underwater		
			Installation	ϕ_{IIW}	
			in Concrete	Y UW	
			Dry		
			Holes in	ϕ_d	
	uncracked		Concrete	, -	
	uncracked	Tk,uncr	Water Saturated		
			Holes in	ϕ_{ws}	
Hollow			Concrete		
drilling			Dry		
			Holes in	ϕ_d	
	cracked	$\tau_{k,cr}$	Concrete		
		ι κ,cr	Water Saturated	<u> </u>	
			Holes in	$\phi_{ m ws}$	
L			Concrete		

Strength reduction factors, ϕ_{nn} and modification factor K_{nn} , for determination of the bond strength are given in Tables 9 through 11, 14 through 16, 19 through 21, 24 through 26, 29 through 31 and 34 through 36 of this report. Bond strength must also be multiplied by the modification factor K, where given for the applicable diameters. Adjustments to the bond strength may also be taken for increased concrete compressive strength as noted in the footnotes to the corresponding tables noted above. Figure 5 of this report presents a bond strength design selection flowchart.

4.1.5 Static Steel Strength in Shear: The nominal static strength of a single anchor in shear as governed by the steel, V_{sa}, in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, and the strength reduction factor, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19

- 4.1.6 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear: The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, based on information given in Tables 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, and 33 of this report. See Table 1. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in shear, V_b, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2, as applicable, using the values of d_a given in Tables 7, 12, 17, 22, 27 and 32 for the corresponding anchor steel. In addition, h_{ef} must be substituted for ℓ_e . In no case shall ℓ_e exceed 8d. The value of f'_c shall be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable.
- 4.1.7 Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear: The nominal static pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable.
- 4.1.8 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8, ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 D.7, as applicable.
- 4.1.9 Minimum Member Thickness, h_{min}, Anchor Spacing, s_{min}, and Edge Distance, c_{min}: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, as applicable, values of s_{min} and c_{min} described in this report (Tables 8, 13, 18, 23, 28 and 33) must be observed for anchor design and installation. The minimum member thickness, h_{min}, described in this report (Tables 8, 13, 18, 23, 28 and 33) must be observed for anchor design and installation. For adhesive anchors that will remain untorqued, refer to ACI 318-19 17.9.3, ACI 318-14 17.7.4 or ACI 318-11 D.8.4, as applicable.
- 4.1.10 Critical Edge Distance c_{ac} and $\psi_{cp,Na}$: The modification factor $\psi_{cp,Na}$, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5.5, as applicable, except as noted below:

For all cases where c_{Na}/c_{ac} <1.0, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ determined from ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.5.5.1b, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.5.5b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-27, as applicable, need not be taken less than c_{Na}/c_{ac} . For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ shall be taken as 1.0.

The critical edge distance, cac must be calculated according to Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c for ACI 318-19, Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11, in lieu of ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable.

$$c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{\tau_{k, uncr}}{1160}\right)^{0.4} \cdot \left[3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$$

(Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c for ACI 318-19, Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11)

where

 $\left| \frac{h}{h} \right|$ need not be taken as larger than 2.4; and

 $\tau_{k,uncr}$ = the characteristic bond strength stated in the tables of this report whereby $\tau_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as larger than:

$$au_{k,uncr} = rac{k_{uncr}\sqrt{h_{ef}f_c'}}{\pi \cdot d_a}$$
 Eq. (4-1)

4.1.11 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchors must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable, except as described below.

The nominal steel shear strength, V_{sa} , must be adjusted by α_{V,seis} as given in Tables 7, 12, 17, 22, 27 and 32 of this report for the anchor element types included in this report. The nominal bond strength τ_{cr} must be adjusted by $\alpha_{N,seis}$ as noted in Tables 9 through 11, 14 through 16, 19 through 21, 24 through 26, 29 through 31, and 34 through 36 of this

As an exception to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.2: Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy Section ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d).

Under ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d), in lieu of requiring the anchor design tensile strength to satisfy the tensile strength requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, the anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.4.

The following exceptions apply to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.2:

- For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or nonbearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
- 1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with AF&PA NDS Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.
- 1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is 5/8 inch (16 mm).
- 1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
- 1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 13/4 inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.
- 1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.
- 1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.
- For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
- 2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is 5/8 inch (16 mm).
- 2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
- 2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of 13/4 inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.
- 2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.

2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness.

Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100 Section E3.3.1.

In light-frame construction, bearing or nonbearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2.1(c).

4.2 Strength Design of Post-Installed Reinforcing Bars:

4.2.1 General: The design of straight post-installed deformed reinforcing bars must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 rules for cast-in place reinforcing bar development and splices and this report.

Examples of typical applications for the use of post-installed reinforcing bars are illustrated in Figures 2 and 3 of this report.

4.2.2 Determination of bar development length ld:

Values of Id must be determined in accordance with the ACI 318 development and splice length requirements for straight cast-in place reinforcing bars.

Exceptions:

- 1. For uncoated and zinc-coated (galvanized) post-installed reinforcing bars, the factor Ψ_e shall be taken as 1.0. For all other cases, the requirements in ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (b) shall apply.
- 2. When using alternate methods to calculate the development length (e.g., anchor theory), the applicable factors for post-installed anchors generally apply.
- 4.2.3 Minimum Member Thickness, hmin, Minimum Concrete Cover. cc,min, Minimum Concrete Edge Distance, c_{b,min}, Minimum Spacing, s_{b,min}: For postinstalled reinforcing bars, there is no limit on the minimum member thickness. In general, all requirements on concrete cover and spacing applicable to straight cast-in bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

For post-installed reinforcing bars installed at embedment depths, h_{ef} , larger than $20d_b$ ($h_{ef} > 20d_b$), the minimum concrete cover shall be as follows:

REBAR SIZE	MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER
dь	C c,min
$d_b \le \#6 (16 \text{ mm})$	1 ³ / ₁₆ in. (30 mm)
#6 < d _b ≤ #11	1 ⁹ / ₁₆ in.
$(16 \text{ mm} < d_b \le 32 \text{ mm})$	(40 mm)

The following requirements apply for minimum concrete edge and spacing for $h_{ef} > 20 d_b$:

Required minimum edge distance for post-installed reinforcing bars (measured from the center of the bar):

 $c_{b,min} = d_0/2 + c_{c,min}$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing between postinstalled bars:

 $s_{b,min} = d_0 + c_{c,min}$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing from existing (parallel) reinforcing:

 $s_{b,min} = d_b/2$ (existing reinforcing) + $d_0/2$ + $c_{c,min}$

All other requirements applicable to straight cast-in place bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

4.2.4 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, design of straight postinstalled reinforcing bars must take into account the provisions of ACI 318-19 or ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable

4.3 Installation:

Installation parameters are illustrated in Figures 1, 2 and 4 of this report. Installation must be in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.8.1 and 17.8.2 or ACI 318-11 D.9.1 and D.9.2, as applicable. Adhesive anchor locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Installation of the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchor System must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) included in each unit package as described in Figure 6 of this report.

The adhesive anchor system may be used for upwardly inclined orientation applications (e.g. overhead). Upwardly inclined, horizontal, and drill depths deeper than 10 inches (250 mm) and drill hole diameters larger than 11/2 inches (40 mm) are to be installed using injection adaptors in accordance with the MPII as shown in Figure 6 of this report. The injection adaptor corresponding to the hole diameter must be attached to the extension tubing and static mixer supplied by fischer.

4.4 Special Inspection:

Installations may be made under 4.4.1 General: continuous special inspection or periodic special inspection. as determined by the registered design professional. Tables 9 through 11, 14 through 16, 19 through 21, 24 through 26, 29 through 31, and 34 through 36 of this report provide strength reduction factors, ϕ_{nn} , and strength modification factors, K_{nn} , corresponding to the type of inspection provided.

Continuous special inspection of adhesive anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.13.3.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.4, 26.7.1(h) and 26.13.3.2(c) or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.4, as applicable.

Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015, Or 2012 IBC and Sections 1705, 1706, or 1707 of the 2009 IBC must be observed, where applicable.

4.4.2 Continuous Special Inspection: Installations made under continuous special inspection with an on-site proof loading program must be performed in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, Section 1704.15 and Table 1704.4 of the 2009 IBC, whereby continuous special inspection is defined in Section 1702.1 of the IBC, and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite continuously during anchor installation to verify anchor type, adhesive expiration date, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque, and adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions.

The proof loading program must be established by the registered design professional. As a minimum, the following requirements must be addressed in the proof loading program:

- Frequency of proof loading based on anchor type, diameter, and embedment.
- Proof loads by anchor type, diameter, embedment, and 2. location.
- 3. Acceptable displacements at proof load.
- Remedial action in the event of a failure to achieve proof load, or excessive displacement.

Unless otherwise directed by the registered design professional, proof loads must be applied as confined tension tests. Proof load levels must not exceed the lesser of 67 percent of the load corresponding to the nominal bond strength as calculated from the characteristic bond stress for uncracked concrete modified for edge effects and concrete properties, or 80 percent of the minimum specified anchor element yield strength $(A_{se,N} \cdot f_{va})$. The proof load must be maintained at the required load level for a minimum of 10 seconds.

4.4.3 Periodic Special Inspection: Periodic special inspection must be performed where required in accordance with Sections 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, or Table 1704.4 and Section 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite initially during anchor installation to verify anchor type, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, adhesive identification and expiration date, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque and adherence to the manufacturer's published installation instructions.

The special inspector must verify the initial installations of each type and size of adhesive anchor by construction personnel on site. Subsequent installations of the same anchor type and size by the same construction personnel are permitted to be performed in the absence of the special inspector. Any change in the anchor product being installed or the personnel performing the installation requires an initial inspection. For ongoing installations over an extended period, the special inspector must make regular inspections to confirm correct handling and installation of the product.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System described in this report is a suitable alternative to what is specified in the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars must be installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer's printed installation instructions included in the adhesive packaging and described in Figure 6 of this report.
- 5.2 The anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in cracked or uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength f'_c = 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1].
- **5.3** The values of f'_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55 MPa).
- 5.4 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in concrete base materials in holes predrilled in accordance with the instructions provided in Figure 6 of this report.

- 5.5 Loads applied to the anchors must be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC for strength design.
- 5.6 fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors are recognized for use to resist short- and long-term loads, including wind and earthquake loads, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.7 In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchor strength must be adjusted in accordance with Section 4.1.11 of this report.
- 5.8 fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars are permitted to be installed in concrete that is cracked or that may be expected to crack during the service life of the anchor, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.9 Strength design values are established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- 5.10 Post-installed reinforcing bar development and splice length is established in accordance with Section 4.2 of this report.
- 5.11 Minimum anchor spacing and edge distance, as well as minimum member thickness, must comply with the values given in this report.
- 5.12 Post-installed reinforcing bar spacing, minimum member thickness, and cover distance must be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318 for cast-in place bars and section 4.2.3 of this report.
- **5.13** Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- 5.14 The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited by the code, the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistive envelope or a fire-resistive membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistive materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to support nonstructural elements.
- 5.15 Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of adhesive anchors subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- 5.16 Use of zinc-plated carbon steel threaded rods or steel reinforcing bars is limited to dry, interior locations.
- 5.17 Use of hot-dipped galvanized carbon steel and stainless steel rods is permitted for exterior exposure or damp environments.

- 5.18 Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservativetreated and fire-retardant-treated wood must be of zinc-coated carbon steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel must comply with ASTM A153.
- 5.19 Special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report. Continuous special inspection for anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations resist sustained tension loads must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.
- 5.20 Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.2 or 17.8.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.2 or D.9.2.3, as applicable.
- 5.21 fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall, and overhead installations only if installation is into concrete with a temperature between 23°F and 104°F (-5°C and 40°C) for threaded rods, rebar, and internal threaded anchors. For overhead installations and applications between horizontal and overhead use the appropriate injection adapter and at least three wedges or the fischer overhead clip to the anchor during curing time [the minimum cartridge temperature of 41 °F (5 °C) must be ensured]. Also use an injection adapter for all applications with a drill hole depth h₀ >10 inches (>250 mm) or a drill hole diameter $d_0 \ge 1^{1}/_{2}$ inches (≥40 mm). Use appropriate accessories to capture excess adhesive during installation of the anchor element in order to protect the unbonded portion of the anchor element from adhesive.
- 5.22 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars shall not be used for installations where the concrete temperature can rise from 40°F (or less) to 80°F (or higher) within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include but are not limited to anchorage of building facade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure.
- 5.23 fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive is manufactured by fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG, Denzlingen, Germany, under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

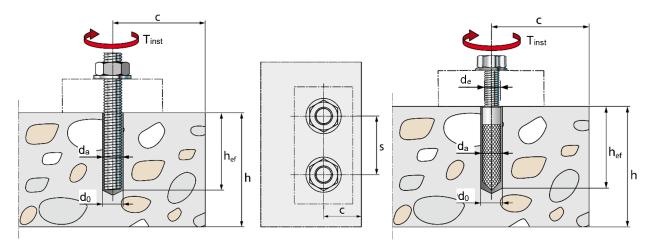
6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Post-Installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC308), dated June 2019 (editorially revised February 2021).

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

- 7.1 fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive is identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (fischerwerke) and address, product name, lot number, expiration date, and the evaluation report number (ESR-1990).
- 7.2 fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (fischerwerke) and address, product name and size, and the evaluation report number (ESR-1990). fischer threaded rods FIS A and RG M are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (fischerwerke) and address, product name and size, and the evaluation report number (ESR-1990) Threaded rods, nuts, washers and deformed reinforcing bars are standard elements and must conform to applicable national or international specifications as set forth in Tables 2, 3, and 4 of this report.
- 7.3 The report holder's contact information is the following:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG **KLAUS-FISCHER-STRASSE 1** 72178 WALDACHTAL **GERMANY** +49 7443 120 www.fischer-international.com



THREADED ROD / REINFORCING BAR

fischer INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR

FIGURE 1—GENERAL INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR THREADED RODS, REINFORCING BARS AND INTERNAL THREADED ANCHORS

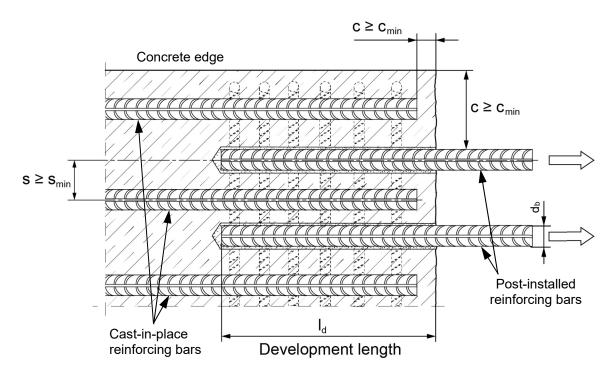
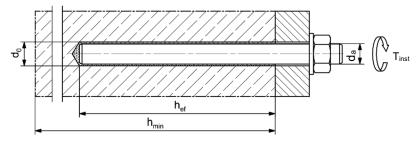


FIGURE 2—GENERAL INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BARS

FIGURE 3—(A) OVERLAP JOINT WITH EXISTING REINFORCEMENT FOR REBAR CONNECTIONS (B) OVERLAP JOINT WITH EXISTING REINFORCEMENT AT A FOUNDATION OF A COLUMN OR WALL



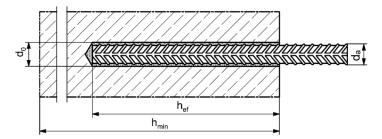
METRIC THREADED RODS

Ø d _a [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef,min} [mm]	h _{ef,max} [mm]	h _{min} [mm]	T _{inst} [Nm]
M8	10	60	160	100	10
M10	12	60	200	100	20
M12	14	70	240	100	40
M16	18	80	320	116	60
M20	24	90	400	138	120
M24	28	96	480	152	150
M27	30	108	540	162	200
M30	35	120	600	190	300

FRACTIONAL THREADED RODS

Ø d _a [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	h _{ef,min} [inch]	h _{ef,max} [inch]	h _{min} [inch]	T _{inst} [ft · lb]
³ / ₈	⁷ / ₁₆	2 ³ / ₈	7 1/2	3 ⁵ / ₈	15
1/2	⁹ / ₁₆	2 ³ / ₄	10	3 5/8	30
⁵ / ₈	3/4	3 ¹ / ₈	12 ¹ / ₂	4 ⁵ / ₈	50
3/4	7/8	3 ¹ / ₂	15	5 ¹ / ₄	90
⁷ / ₈	1	3 ¹ / ₂	17 ¹ / ₂	5 ¹ / ₂	100
1	1 ¹ / ₈	4	20	6 ¹ / ₄	135
1 ¹ / ₈	11/4	4 ¹ / ₂	22 ¹ / ₂	7	180
11/4	1 ³ / ₈	5	25	7 3/4	240

FIGURE 4—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS

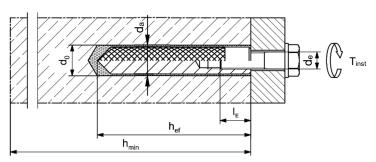


COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

Ø d _a [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef,min} [mm]	h _{ef,max} [mm]	h _{min} [mm]	T _{inst} [Nm]
10	14	60	200	100	30
12	16	70	240	102	50
16	20	80	320	116	110
20	25	90	400	130	190
25	30	100	500	150	280
28	35	112	560	168	350
32	40	128	640	192	430

FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS

Ø d _a [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	h _{ef,min} [inch]	h _{ef,max} [inch]	h _{min} [inch]	T _{inst} [ft · lb]
#3	1/2	2 ³/ ₈	7 ¹ / ₂	3 ⁵ / ₈	22
#4	⁵ / ₈	2 ³/ ₄	10	4	44
#5	¹³ / ₁₆	3 ¹ / ₈	12 ¹ / ₂	4 ¹ / ₈	81
#6	⁷ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	15	5 ¹ / ₄	129
#7	1 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	17 ¹ / ₂	5 ³/₄	177
#8	1 ¹ / ₄	4	20	6 ¹ / ₂	236
#9	1 ³/ ₈	4 ¹ / ₂	22 ¹ / ₂	7 ¹ / ₄	280
#10	1 ¹ / ₂	5	25	8	332
#11	1 ³/ ₄	5 ¹ / ₂	27 ¹ / ₂	9	332



METRIC fischer INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR

Ø d _e [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	Ø d _a [mm]	h _{ef} [mm]	h _{min} [mm]	T _{inst} [Nm]
M8	14	12	90	120	10
M10	18	16	90	125	20
M12	20	18	125	165	40
M16	24	22	160	205	80
M20	32	28	200	260	120

FRACTIONAL fischer INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR

Ø d _e [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	Ø d _a [inch]	h _{ef} [inch]	h _{min} [inch]	T _{inst} [ft · lb]
³ / ₈	3/4	⁵ / ₈	3.54	4.92	15
1/2	¹³ / ₁₆	¹¹ / ₁₆	4.92	6.50	30
⁵ / ₈	1	⁷ / ₈	6.30	8.07	59
3/4	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ¹ / ₈	7.87	10.24	89

FIGURE 4—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS (CONTINUED)

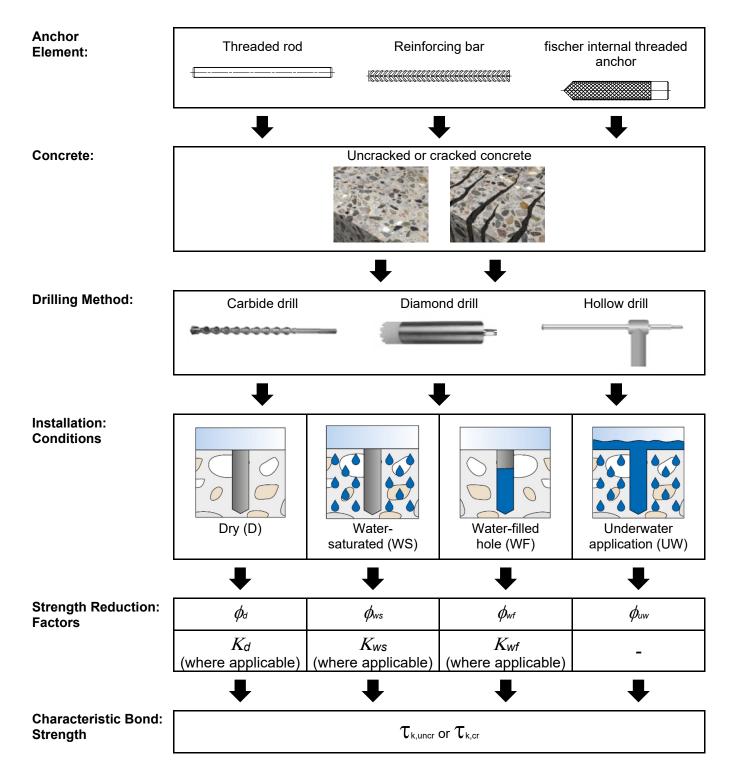


FIGURE 5—FLOWCHART FOR THE DETERMINATION OF THE DESIGN BOND STRENGTH

TABLE 1—DESIGN TABLE INDEX

Decima etropathi		Thread	Threaded rod		Deformed reinforcement		aded anchor
D	esign strength ¹	Metric	Fractional	Metric	Fractional	Metric	Fractional
Steel	N _{sa} , V _{sa}	Table 7	Table 22	Table 12	Table27	Table 17	Table32
Concrete	N_{cb} , N_{cbg} , V_{cb} , V_{cbg} , V_{cp} , V_{cpg}	Table 8	Table 23	Table 13	Table 28	Table 18	Table 33
Bond ²	Na, Nag	Table 9 to 11	Table 24 to 26	Table 14 to 16	Table 29 to 31	Table 19 to 21	Table 34 to 36
Bond reduction factors	φα, φws, φwf, φυw, Kα, Kws, Kwf	Table 9 to 11	Table 24 to 26	Table 14 to 16	Table 29 to 31	Table 19 to 21	Table 34 to 36

¹Design strengths are as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.1 or ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, as applicable.

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS AND FISCHER THREADED RODS FIS A AND RG M1

THREADED ROD SPECIFICATI							
		Minimum specified ultimate strength (f_{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2% offset (f_{ya})	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. (percent) ⁷	Reduction of Area, min. (percent)	Specification for nuts ⁹
ASTM F568M³ Class 5.8 (equivalent to ISO 898-1² Class 5.8)	MPa (psi)	500 (72,519)	400 (58,015)	1.25	108	35	DIN 934 Grade 6 (8-A2K) (Metric) ASTM A563 Grade DH
ISO 898-1 ² Class 8.8	MPa (psi)	800 (116,030)	640 (92,824)	1.25	12 ⁸	52	DIN 934 Grade 8 (8-A2K)
ASTM A36 ⁴ and F1554 ⁵ Grade 36	MPa (psi)	400 (58,000)	248 (36,000)	1.61	23	40	ASTM A194 / A563
ASTM F1554 ⁵ Grade 55	MPa (psi)	517 (75,000)	380 (55,000)	1.36	23	40	Grade A
ASTM A193 ⁶ Grade B7 $\leq 2^{1}/_{2}$ in. (\leq 64mm)	MPa (psi)	862 (125,000)	724 (105,000)	1.19	16	50	ASTM A194 / A563
ASTM F1554 ⁵ Grade 105	MPa (psi)	862 (125,000)	724 (105,000)	1.19	15	45	Grade DH

¹ fischer FIS EM Plus must be used with continuously threaded carbon steel rod (all-thread) that have thread characteristics comparable with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series or ANSI B1.13M M Profile Metric Thread Series.

²See Section 4.1 of this report for bond strength information.

²Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs.

³Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners.

⁴Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel.

⁵Standard Specification for Anchor Bolts, Steel, 36, 55 and 105ksi Yield Strength.

⁶Standard Specification for Alloy Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High Temperature Service.

⁷Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except ISO 898, which is based on 5d.

⁸≥14 % for fischer FIS A and RG M.

⁹Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specific threaded rods.

TABLE 3—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS AND FISCHER THREADED RODS FIS A AND RG M1

THREADED ROD SPECIFICATION							
		Minimum specified ultimate strength (f _{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2% offset (f _{ye})	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. (percent)	Reduction of Area, min. (percent)	Specification for nuts ⁶
ISO 3056-1 ² A4-80 and fischer FIS A / RGM Type R and HCR Grade 80 M8-M30	MPa (psi)	800 (116,000)	600 (87,000)	1.34	12 ⁶	_7	ISO 4032
ISO 3506-1 ² A4-70 and fischer FIS A / RGM	MPa	700	450	1.56	16	_7	ISO 4032
Type R and HCR Grade 70 M8-M30	(psi)	(101,500)	(65,250)	1.50	10	_	100 4002
ASTM F593 ³ CW1 (316) 1/ ₄ to 5/ ₈ in.	MPa (psi)	689 (100,000)	448 (65,000)	1.54	20	-	ASTM F594
ASTM F593 ³ CW2 (316) ³ / ₄ to 1 ¹ / ₂ in.	MPa (psi)	586 (85,000)	310 (45,000)	1.89	25	-	Alloy group 1, 2, 3
ASTM A193 ⁴ Grad B8/B8M, Class 1	MPa (psi)	517 (75,000)	207 (30,000)	2.50	30	50	ASTM F594
ASTM A193 ⁴ Grad B8/B8M, Class 2B	MPa (psi)	655 (95,000)	517 (75,000)	1.27	25	40	Alloy Group 1, 2 or 3

¹fischer FIS EM Plus may be used with continuously threaded stainless steel rod (all-thread) with thread characteristics comparable with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series or ANSI B1.13M M Profile Metric Thread Series.

TABLE 4—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

REINFORCING BAR SPECIFICATION	ON	Minimum specified ultimate strength (f_{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength (f_{ya})
DINI 400 DE00D1	MPa	540	500
DIN 488 B500B ¹	(psi)	(78,300)	(72,500)
ASTM A615 ² , ASTM A767 ³ Gr. 40	MPa	414	276
ASTM A015-, ASTM A767- G1. 40	(psi)	(60,000)	(40,000)
ASTM A615 ² , ASTM A767 ³ Gr. 60	MPa	621	414
ASTM A015-, ASTM A707- GI. 60	(psi)	(90,000)	(60,000)
ASTM A706 ⁴ , ASTM A767 ³ Gr. 60	MPa	552	414
ASTIVI A700 , ASTIVI A707 GI. 60	(psi)	(80,000)	(60,000)

¹Reinforcing steel; reinforcing steel bars; dimensions and masses.

²Mechanical properties of corrosion resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

³Standard Steel Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws and Studs.

⁴Standard Specification for Alloy Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High Temperature Service.

⁵Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except ISO 898, which is based on 5d.

⁶≥14 % for fischer FIS A and RG M.

⁷≥30 % for fischer FIS A and RG M.

⁸Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specific threaded rods. Material types of the nuts and washers must be matched to the threaded rods.

²Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

³Standard Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

⁴Billet Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

TABLE 5—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FISCHER INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR RG M I

FISCHER INTERNAL THREADED AT RG M I SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength (f_{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength (f_{ya})	$f_{uta} \! \! / f_{ya}$
ASTM F568M ¹ Grade 5.8 ³	IVII U		420	1.25
(equivalent to ISO 898-1 ² Grade 5.8)	(psi)	(76,150)	(60,900)	1.25
ISO 3506-1 A4-70 ⁴	MPa	700	450	1.56
(fischer RG M I Type R and HCR)	(psi)	(101,550)	(65,250)	1.30

¹Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners.

TABLE 6—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON BOLTS, CAP SCREWS AND STUDS FOR USE WITH FISCHER INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR RG M I

BOLT CAP SCREW OR SPECIFICATION	STUD	Minimum specified ultimate strength (f _{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength (f_{ye})	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. (percent)	Reduction of Area, min. (percent)	Specifications for Nuts ³
ASTM F568M¹ Grade 5.8 (equivalent to	MPa (noi)	(500)	(400)	1.25	14	30	EN ISO 898-2 Grade 5
ISO 898-1 ² Grade 5.8)	(psi)	72,500	58,000				
ISO 898-1 Grade 8.8	MPa	(800)	(640)	1.25	14	30	EN ISO 898-2 Grade 8
100 000 1 Grade 0.0	(psi)	116,000	92,800	1.20	1-7	00	211 100 000 2 01dd0 0
ISO 3506-1 Grade A4-70	MPa	(700)	(450)	1.56	14	30	EN ISO 3506-2
100 3000-1 Glade A4-70	(psi)	101,550	65,250	1.50	14	30	Grade A4-70 ⁴

¹Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners.

²Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs.

³Minimum Grade 5 bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with carbon steel RG M I internal threaded anchor.

⁴Only stainless steel bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with RG M I Type R and HCR.

²Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs.

³ Nuts must have specified minimum proof load stress equal to or greater than the specified minimum full-size tensile strength of the specified stud

⁴Nuts for Stainless steel studs must be of the same Alloy group as the specified bolt, cap screw or stud

TABLE 7—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD1

as governed by steel strength	M30 30 (1.18) 560.7 (0.869) 280.4 (63,025) 168.2 (37,815) 448.6 (100,840) 269.1
Rod Outside Diameter Color Colo	(1.18) 560.7 (0.869) 280.4 (63,025) 168.2 (37,815) 448.6 (100,840)
(in.) (0.31) (0.39) (0.47) (0.63) (0.79) (0.94) (1.06) (1.06)	560.7 (0.869) 280.4 (63,025) 168.2 (37,815) 448.6 (100,840)
Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Strength reduction factor φ for tension² Strength reduction for seismic as governed by steel strength Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal stre	(0.869) 280.4 (63,025) 168.2 (37,815) 448.6 (100,840)
Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal stren	280.4 (63,025) 168.2 (37,815) 448.6 (100,840)
Nominal strength as governed by steel strength V _{sa} (lb) (4,115) (6,520) (9,475) (17,615) (27,515) (39,625) (51,640)	(63,025) 168.2 (37,815) 448.6 (100,840)
Nominal strength as governed by steel strength V _{sa} (lb) (4,115) (6,520) (9,475) (17,615) (27,515) (39,625) (51,640)	168.2 (37,815) 448.6 (100,840)
by steel strength V _{sa} kN (lb) (2,470) (3,910) (5,685) (10,570) (16,510) (23,775) (30,985) (30,985) Reduction for seismic shear Strength reduction factor φ for tension ² Strength reduction factor φ for shear ² Nominal strength as governed by steel strength V _{sa} KN (10,570) (10,570) (16,510) (23,775) (30,985) 0.87	(37,815) 448.6 (100,840)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	448.6 (100,840)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(100,840)
φ for tension² φ - 0.65° / 0.75° Strength reduction factor φ for shear² φ - 0.60³ / 0.65⁴ Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (lb) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (lb) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Reduction for seismic shear (lb) (3,950) (6,260) (9,095) (16,910) (26,415) (38,040) (49,575) Strength reduction factor φ for tension² φ - 0.65³ / 0.75⁴	(100,840)
φ for shear ² Nominal strength as governed by steel strength No see Strength reduction factor φ for tension ² φ for shear ² γ for tension	(100,840)
Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength (lib) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (lib) (3,950) (6,260) (9,095) (16,910) (26,415) (38,040) (49,575) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (lib) (3,950) (6,260) (9,095) (16,910) (26,415) (38,040) (49,575) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (lib) (3,950) (6,260) (9,095) (16,910) (26,415) (38,040) (49,575) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (lib) (3,950) (6,260) (9,095) (16,910) (26,415) (38,040) (49,575) Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (lib) (10,430) (10,430) (15,160) (10,430) (15,160) (10,430) (10	(100,840)
Nominal strength as governed by steel strength Nominal strength (lb) (6,580) (10,430) (15,160) (28,180) (44,025) (63,395) (82,620) (82,620) (9,095) (16,910) (9,095) (16,910) (9,095) (16,910) (16,91	, , ,
by steel strength	269.1
Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ² ϕ - 0.65 ³ / 0.75 ⁴	
Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ² ϕ - 0.65 ³ / 0.75 ⁴	(60,505)
ϕ for tension ² φ - 0.05° / 0.75°	
Strongth reduction factor	
$ \phi \text{ for shear}^2 \qquad \phi \qquad 0.60^3 / 0.65^4 $	
N _{sa} kN 25.6 40.6 59.0 109.7 171.4 246.8 321.6	392.5
Q Nominal strength (lb) (5,760) (9,125) (13,265) (24,660) (38,525) (55,470) (72,295)	(88,235)
$\frac{\kappa}{100} = \frac{\kappa}{100}$ by steel strength V_{sa} kN 15.4 24.4 35.4 65.8 102.8 148.1 192.9	235.5
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(52,940)
as governed by steel strength	
$ \phi = \frac{65^{\circ} / 0.75^{4}}{\phi} $ of rectangle in the first of the second	
Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ϕ - $0.60^3 / 0.65^4$	
kN 29.3 46.4 67.4 125.4 195.8 282.0 367.5	448.6
	(100,840)
as governed by steel strength	269.1
V_{sa} (lb) (3,950) (6,260) (9,095) (16,910) (26,415) (38,040) (49,575)	(60,505)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ϕ - $0.60^3 / 0.65^4$	

¹Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod strength and type.

²For use with load combinations, Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

³Values correspond to a brittle steel element, applicable for standard threaded rods.

⁴Values correspond to a ductile steel element, applicable for fischer FIS A and RG M threaded rods only.

TABLE 8—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD

DEG	TABLE 0—CO						DED ROD						
DES INFORM		SYMBOL	UNITS	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30		
				_			_						
	Minimum	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120		
Embedment	Willimiam	T Tet, min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)		
Depth	Maximum	h .	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600		
	IVIAXIIIIUIII	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(6.30)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)		
	Uncracked	l.	SI				1	0					
Effectiveness	Concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(in.lb)				(2	4)					
Factor	Cracked	14	SI				7.	.1					
	Concrete	K _{c,cr}	(in.lb)				(1	7)					
	Anchor Spacing	S _{min}	mm /		$\mathbf{s}_{min} = \mathbf{c}_{min}$								
	Anchor Spacing	Smin	(in.)				S _{min} -	- C _{min}					
Minimum	Edge Distance	Cmin	mm	40	45	55	65	85	105	120	140		
Value	Edge Distance	Cmin	(in.)	(1.57)	(1.77)	(2.17)	(2.56)	(3.35)	(4.13)	(4.72)	(5.51)		
	Member Thickness	h min	mm	h _{ef}	+ 30 (≥ 10	00)			h _{ef} + 2d ₀ ¹				
	Welliber Hilckness	I Imin	(in.)		_f + 1.25 [≥				Hef ▼ ZU0				
Critical	Edge Distance for	Cac	mm			See S	ection 4.1.	10 of this	report.				
Value	Splitting Failure	₩ac	(in.)						15 5				
Strength reduction	Tension	φ	_				0.0	65					
factor ϕ , concrete		,		- 0.00									
failure modes, Condition B ²	Shear	ϕ	_	- 0.70									
<u> </u>		7					0.	-					

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹d_o = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 9—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT 1,2

			IN HOLES I	S DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT ".2 Threaded Rod Diameter (mm)									
	DESIGN IN	FORMA	TION	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
	Minimum Eml	pedmen	t Depth	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
					(in.)	(2.36)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)
	Maximum Em	bedmen	t Depth	h _{ef,max}	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
				.,	(in.)	(6.30)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)
gth	Maximum Sho Temperature =		With Sustained		N/mm²	16.9	16.2	15.7	15.0	14.4	13.9	13.7	13.4
tren	(72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2450)	(2345)	(2275)	(2170)	(2090)	(2020)	(1985)	(1950)
S pro	Maximum Lon Temperature =		Short Term		N/mm²	21.1	20.2	19.6	18.7	18.0	17.4	17.1	16.8
aracteristic Bond Streng in Uncracked Concrete	(43°C) ³	3	Loads only ⁵	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(3060)	(2930)	(2845)	(2710)	(2610)	(2525)	(2480)	(2435)
stic	Maximum Sho Temperature =		With Sustained	ık,uncr	N/mm²	12.9	12.3	12.0	11.4	11.0	10.6	10.4	10.2
cteri	. (72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1865)	(1785)	(1735)	(1655)	(1595)	(1540)	(1515)	(1485)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Lon Temperature =		Short Term		N/mm²	21.1	20.2	19.6	18.7	18.0	17.4	17.1	16.8
5	(50°C)		Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(3060)	(2930)	(2845)	(2710)	(2610)	(2525)	(2480)	(2435)
‡	Maximum Sho		With Sustained		N/mm²	9.8	9.7	9.4	9.3	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0
eng	Temperature = (72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1425)	(1405)	(1370)	(1345)	(1325)	(1310)	(1300)	(1300)
Str ocre	Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F		Short Term		N/mm²	12.3	12.1	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.2
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	remperature = (43°C) ³		Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(1785)	(1755)	(1710)	(1680)	(1655)	(1640)	(1625)	(1625)
stic E	Maximum Sho		With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.8
teris	Temperature = (72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1090)	(1070)	(1045)	(1025)	(1010)	(1000)	(990)	(990)
arac in (Maximum Lon	g Term	Short Term		N/mm²	12.3	12.1	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.2
5	Temperature = (50°C) ³		Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1785)	(1755)	(1710)	(1680)	(1655)	(1640)	(1625)	(1625)
Re	duction Factor		nic Tension	αN,seis	-	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.89	0.88
	Dry Holes	Contin	uous Inspection		-		0.	65	I		0.:	55	l
tors	in Concrete	Perio	dic Inspection	ϕ_{d}	-		0.	65			0.:	55	
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water	Contin	uous Inspection		-	0.55				0.65			
tion	Saturated Holes		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\phi_{\sf ws}$									
duci	in Concrete	Perio	dic Inspection		-	0.55				0.65			
th Reduction From the Permissible allation Condition	Water-filled Holes	Contin	uous Inspection	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-				0.	45			
ngth fo stall	in Concrete Feriodic Inspection			ψwt	-	0.45							
Stre	Underwater	Фиw	-				0.	55					
	Installation in Concrete	l =			-				0.	55			
lifi- on ors		Vater-filled Continuous Inspection			-	0.91		0.92		0.89	0.88	0.86	0.83
Modifi- cation Factors	Holes in Concrete	Perio	dic Inspection	K_{wf}	-	0.89	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.78	0.	77
					1								

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 10—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT 1,2

						_	T	hreaded	Rod Dian	neter (mm	1)			
	DESIGN INF	ORMATIO	N .	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	24	27	30		
	Minimum Emb	admant Day	- + l-	b	mm	60	70	80	90	96	108	120		
	Minimum Emb	eament Dep	סנדו	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)		
	Maximum Emb	odmont Do	oth	b .	mm	200	240	320	400	480	540	600		
	Maximum Emb	edinent De	pui	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)		
Jt.	Maximum Sho	ert Torm	With Sustained		N/mm²	11.3	10.7	9.8	9.2	8.7	8.4	8.1		
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,635)	(1,555)	(1,425)	(1,335)	(1,265)	(1,220)	(1,170)		
d St onc	Maximum Lon Temperature = 10		Short Term		N/mm²	14.1	13.4	12.3	11.5	10.9	10.5	10.1		
Bon	Temperature = 10	31 (43 0)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(2,045)	(1,945)	(1,785)	(1,670)	(1,580)	(1,525)	(1,465)		
istic	Maximum Sho	art Term	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	8.6	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.6	6.4	6.2		
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,245)	(1,185)	(1,090)	(1,015)	(965)	(930)	(895)		
nara in U	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	14.1	13.4	12.3	11.5	10.9	10.5	10.1		
Ö	Temperature 12	21 (00 0)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,045)	(1,945)	(1,785)	(1,670)	(1,580)	(1,525)	(1,465)		
gth	Maximum Sho	rt Term	With Sustained		N/mm²	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.4		
trenç ete	Γemperature = 162°F (72°C		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(950)	(965)	(975)	(985)	(950)	(940)	(930)		
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C)		Short Term		N/mm²	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.2	8.1	8.0		
Bor	Tomporataro 10	0 1 (10 0)	Loads only⁵	Tk.cr	(psi)	(1,190)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,235)	(1,190)	(1,175)	(1,160)		
istic	Maximum Sho	rt Term	With Sustained	ik,cr	N/mm²	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9		
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(725)	(735)	(745)	(750)	(725)	(715)	(710)		
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.2	8.1	8.0		
Ö	Temperature 12	21 (00 0)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,190)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,235)	(1,190)	(1,175)	(1,160)		
I	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic 1	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.89	0.88		
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	$\phi_{ m d}$	-		0.65			0.55		0.45		
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φυ	-		0.65			0.55		0.45		
on F ible	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	φws	-				0.65					
uctic miss	in Concrete	Periodi	Periodic Inspection		Periodic Inspection		-		0.65			0.55		0.45
th Reduction Fa or Permissible	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	ϕ_{wf}	-				0.45					
gth for	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φwi	-				0.45					
tren	Underwater Installation	Continuous mopeotion		ϕ_{uw}	-	0.4	45			0.55				
	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	ψuw	-	0.4	45			0.55				
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	Continuous Inspection		-	0.92	0.95			1.0	•	T		
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	K_{wf}	-	0.91	0.92	0.95	0.	97	0.95	0.92		

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (fc/2,500)0.1 [for SI: (fc/17.2)0.1]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 11—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT 1,2

			IN HOLES DRII					Threaded	Rod Diam	eter (mm)		
	DESIGN INF	FORMA	TION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
	Minimum Fort		4 D 41-	1-	mm	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
	Minimum Emb	beamen	t Deptn	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)
	Mandana Faul		4 D4b	-	mm	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
	Maximum Eml	beamen	t Depth	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)
£	Maximum Sho		With Sustained		N/mm²	15.6	14.9	13.8	13.1	12.6	12.2	11.9
reng	Temperature = (72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2,265)	(2,160)	(2,005)	(1,905)	(1,820)	(1,775)	(1,730)
d St	Maximum Long Temperature =		Short Term		N/mm²	19.5	18.6	17.3	16.4	15.7	15.3	14.9
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	(43°C) ³		Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(2,830)	(2,700)	(2,510)	(2,380)	(2,275)	(2,220)	(2,160)
stic	Maximum Sho Temperature =		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	11.9	11.3	10.6	10.0	9.6	9.3	9.1
cteri	(72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,645)	(1,530)	(1,450)	(1,390)	(1,355)	(1,320)
in L	Maximum Long Temperature =		Short Term		N/mm²	19.5	18.6	17.3	16.4	15.7	15.3	14.9
Ö	(50°C) ³		Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,830)	(2,700)	(2,510)	(2,380)	(2,275)	(2,220)	(2,160)
th.	1.4		With Sustained		N/mm²	9.6	9.4	9.3	9.2	9.1	9.1	9.1
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	(72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,390)	(1,370)	(1,345)	(1,335)	(1,325)	(1,325)	(1,325)
cteristic Bond Strer Cracked Concrete	Maximum Long Temperature =	g Term	Short Term		N/mm²	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.4
Bon	(43°C) ³	1	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,740)	(1,710)	(1,680)	(1,670)	(1,655)	(1,655)	(1,655)
stic	Maximum Sho Temperature =		With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
cteri	. (72°C),		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,060)	(1,045)	(1,025)	(1,015)	(1,010)	(1,010)	(1,010)
in	Maximum Long Temperature =		Short Term		N/mm²	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.4
Ö	(50°C) ³		Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,740)	(1,710)	(1,680)	(1,670)	(1,655)	(1,655)	(1,655)
Re	duction Factor f	or Seisr	mic Tension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.89	0.88
actors	Continuous Incorporti		uous Inspection	,	-			0.65			0.8	55
action F nissible Conditi	Dry Holes in Concrete Output Output		dic Inspection	φa	-			0.65			0.9	55
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated	Contin	uous Inspection	4	-				0.65			
Streng	Saturated Holes in Concrete Periodic Inspec		dic Inspection	Øws	-				0.65			

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa. For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength fc between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 12—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR1

	DESIGN	Symbol	Units				Rebar size					
	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32		
	Naminal han diamatan	al	mm	10	12	16	20	25	28	32		
	Nominal bar diameter	d _a	(in.)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)	(0.98)	(1.10)	(1.26)		
D	ar effective cross-sectional area	4	mm²	78.5	113.0	201.0	314.0	491.0	616.0	804.0		
Di	ar effective cross-sectional area	A _{se}	(in.²)	(0.122)	(0.175)	(0.312)	(0.487)	(0.761)	(0.955)	(1.246)		
		Α.,	kN	42.4	61.0	108.5	169.6	265.1	332.6	434.2		
	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(lb)	(9,530)	(13,720)	(24,400)	(38,120)	(59,605)	(74,780)	(97,605)		
B500B	as governed by steel strength	Vsa	kN	25.4	36.6	65.1	101.7	159.1	199.6	260.5		
8 B5		V sa	(lb)	(5,720)	(8,230)	(14,640)	(22,870)	(35,765)	(44,870)	(58,560)		
V 488	Reduction for seismic shear	αV,seis	-				1.0					
DIN	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				0.65					
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-	0.60								

¹Values provided for common reinforcing bar based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

²For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of *ϕ* must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

TABLE 13—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR

DES	SIGN	O. made ad	Units				Rebar Size			
INFOR	MATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Minimum	h _{ef.min}	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
Embedment	Millimum	I lef,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)	(5.04)
Depth	Maximum	h .	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
	Maximum	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)	(25.20)
	Uncracked	k	SI				10			
Effectiveness	Concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(in.lb)				(24)			
Factor	Cracked	k	SI				7.1			
	Concrete	K _{c,cr}	(in.lb)				(17)			
	Anchor Spacing		mm (in.)	$s_{min} = c_{min}$						
	Edge Distance		mm	45	55	65	85	110	130	160
Minimum	Edge Distance	Cmin	(in.)	(1.77)	(2.17)	(2.56)	(3.35)	(4.33)	(5.12)	(6.30)
Value	Member Thickness	h _{min}	mm (in.)	$h_{ef} + 30$ (≥ 100) ($h_{ef} + 1.25$ [≥ 4])		$h_{ef} + 2d_0^{-1}$				
Critical Value	Edge Distance for Splitting Failure	Cac	mm (in.)			See Sectio	n 4.1.10 of	this report.		
Strength reduction factor	Tension	φ	-				0.65			
ϕ , concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	Shear	φ	-				0.70			

¹d₀ = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 14—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT ^{1, 2}

			_					F	Rebar Size	е		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	· ·	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Minimum Frak	- du u t D - u	41-	b	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
	Minimum Emb	eament Dep	om	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)	(5.04)
	Marrian Fuck		41-	1-	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
	Maximum Emb	eament De	otn	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)	(25.20)
ţ			With Sustained		N/mm²	10.7	10.5	10.1	9.8	9.5	9.4	9.3
eng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,555)	(1,520)	(1,460)	(1,415)	(1,380)	(1,360)	(1,345)
d Str	Maximum Lor	ig Term	Short Term		N/mm²	13.4	13.1	12.6	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.6
Bond	Temperature = 10	9 F (43 C)°	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,945)	(1,900)	(1,825)	(1,770)	(1,725)	(1,695)	(1,680)
aracteristic Bond Streng in Uncracked Concrete			With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	8.2	8.0	7.7	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.1
steris	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,185)	(1,160)	(1,115)	(1,080)	(1,055)	(1,035)	(1,025)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12	ig Term	Short Term		N/mm²	13.4	13.1	12.6	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.6
<u></u> င်	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C)°	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,945)	(1,900)	(1,825)	(1,770)	(1,725)	(1,695)	(1,680)
‡	Maximum Short Term		With Sustained		N/mm²	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Short Term Temperature = 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C)	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,045)	(1,045)	(1,055)	(1,055)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,080)	
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete		Short Term		N/mm²	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.3	
Col	Temperature = 10	9 F (43 C)°	Loads only⁵	Tk,cr	(psi)	(1,305)	(1,305)	(1,320)	(1,320)	(1,335)	(1,335)	(1,350)
stic			With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7
Steris	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(795)	(795)	(805)	(805)	(815)	(815)	(825)
arac	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.3
<u></u> င်	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C)°	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,305)	(1,305)	(1,320)	(1,320)	(1,335)	(1,335)	(1,350)
1	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87
ည	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-		0.65			0.	55	
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φ _d	-		0.65			0.	55	
n Fa ible iditic	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-				0.65			
niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φws	-				0.65			
ength Reduction Factc for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water-filled Continue		us Inspection	1	-				0.45			
gth F for I	Holes in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	$\phi_{\sf wf}$	-				0.45			
trenç	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-				0.55			
	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	$\phi_{\sf uw}$	-				0.55			
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	V .	-		0.92		0.89	0.88	0.86	0.86
Mor cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	K_{wf}	-	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.78	0.	77

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 15—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT $^{1,\,2}$

								F	Rebar Siz	е		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	ı	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Minimum Emb	adment Dar	-th	h	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
	Minimum Emb	eament Dep	om	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)	(5.04)
	Massinassa Fuab	D	- 41-	4-	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
	Maximum Emb	eament De	otn	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)	(25.20)
Ŧ			With Sustained		N/mm²	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7
reng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,035)	(1,020)	(1,010)	(1,000)	(985)	(975)	(975)
aracteristic Bond Streng in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Lon Temperature = 10	ig Term	Short Term		N/mm²	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.4
Bon	Temperature = 10	9 F (43 C)°	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,290)	(1,275)	(1,260)	(1,245)	(1,235)	(1,220)	(1,220)
stic	Manipulation	T	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1
steris	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(785)	(780)	(770)	(760)	(750)	(745)	(745)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12	ig Term 🧍	Short Term		N/mm²	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.4
	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C) ³	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,290)	(1,275)	(1,260)	(1,245)	(1,235)	(1,220)	(1,220)
£	Maximum Short Term		With Sustained		N/mm²	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6
reng te	Maximum Short Term Temperature = 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C)	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(590)	(625)	(650)	(650)	(650)	(660)	(660)	
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete		Short Term		N/mm²	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	
Bon	Temperature – 10	9 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵	Tk,cr	(psi)	(740)	(785)	(810)	(810)	(810)	(825)	(825)
stic	Massimos Cha	T	With Sustained		N/mm²	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5
cteri Crao	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(450)	(480)	(495)	(495)	(495)	(505)	(505)
in in	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7
င်	Temperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(740)	(785)	(810)	(810)	(810)	(825)	(825)
ı	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	٨.	-		0.65			0.	55	
acto	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φa	-		0.65			0.	55	
n Fg ible	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-				0.65			
niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øws	-		0.65			0.	55	
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.45			
gth F for talla	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-				0.45			
tren	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-	0.	45			0.55		
	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	фиш	-	0.	45			0.55		
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	K_{wf}	-	0.92	0.95		1.0			
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	₩f	-	0.91	0.92	0.95	0.	97	0.9	95

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 16—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT 1,2

			ES DRILLED W						r Size		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	ı	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28
	Minimum Funk	a dua ant Dan	41_	b	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112
	Minimum Emb	eament Dep	om	h ef,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)
	Massinas Carl	a descrit Day	-41-	4-	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560
	Maximum Emb	eament De	วเท	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)
tt.	Massinas Cha	T	With Sustained		N/mm²	7.7	7.8	7.9	8.2	8.3	8.4
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,115)	(1,135)	(1,150)	(1,185)	(1,205)	(1,220)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	9.6	9.8	9.9	10.2	10.4	10.5
aracteristic Bond Strenç in Uncracked Concrete	Temperature – To	mum Short Term	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(1,390)	(1,420)	(1,435)	(1,480)	(1,510)	(1,525)
stic	Maximum Cha	ut Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.4
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C).	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(850)	(865)	(875)	(900)	(920)	(930)
in L	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	9.6	9.8	9.9	10.2	10.4	10.5
Ö	Temperature = 122°F (50°C	.2 1 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,390)	(1,420)	(1,435)	(1,480)	(1,510)	(1,525)
)th	Maximum Sho	Short Torm With Sustaine			N/mm²	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.8	6.1	6.3
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Short Term Parameter Temperature = 162°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(720)	(745)	(790)	(835)	(880)	(915)	
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10		Short Term		N/mm²	6.2	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.6	7.9
Bon	Temperature – Te	31 (43 0)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(900)	(930)	(985)	(1,045)	(1,100)	(1,145)
stic	Maximum Sho	ort Torm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.6	4.8
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(550)	(565)	(600)	(635)	(670)	(700)
in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	6.2	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.6	7.9
Ö	Temperature - 12	.2 1 (30 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(900)	(930)	(985)	(1,045)	(1,100)	(1,145)
I	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.88
actors	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-			0.65			0.55
uction F nissible Conditi	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Φa	-			0.65			0.55
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated	Continuo	Continuous Inspection		- 0.65						
Strengi f Insta	Holes in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		φws	-	- 0.65					

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

 $^{^{1}}$ Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 17—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR1

	DESIGN					r Metrical Threa		
	INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
NI-	uniu al Annah an Diamantan	-1	mm	8	10	12	16	20
INO	minal Anchor Diameter	d _e	(in.)	(0.31)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)
	Notes Analogo Diamentos		mm	12.3	16.0	18.3	22.3	28.3
	outer Anchor Diameter	d _a	(in.)	(0.48)	(0.63)	(0.72)	(0.88)	(1.11)
A	-#	4	mm²	73.5	137.6	160.4	205.5	339.9
Anchor	effective cross-sectional area	A_{se}	(in.²)	(0.114)	(0.213)	(0.249)	(0.319)	(0.527)
88		Λ.	kN	18.3	29.0	42.2	78.4	122.4
1 Grade 5.8 Grade 5.8	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(lb)	(4,115)	(6,520)	(9,475)	(17,615)	(27,515)
Gra	as governed by steel strength	V	kN	11.0	17.4	25.3	47.0	73.4
898-1 with 98-1 (V _{sa}	(lb)	(2,470)	(3,910)	(5,685)	(10,570)	(16,510)
8 O	Reduction for seismic shear	lphaV,seis	1	-		1	.0	
Anchor ISO 898-1 Grade 5.8 with Bolt: ISO 898-1 Grade 5.8	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-			0.65		
Ancl	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-			0.60		
8.8		.,	kN	29.3	46.4	67.4	107.9	178.4
de 8	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(lb)	(6,580)	(10,430)	(15,160)	(24,255)	(40,115)
1 Grade Grade 8.	as governed by steel strength	1/	kN	17.6	27.8	40.5	75.2	117.5
898-1 with 98-1 (V_{sa}	(lb)	(3,950)	(6,260)	(9,095)	(16,910)	(26,415)
% O 8	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	-	0.	90		-
Anchor: ISO 898-1 Grade 8.8 with Bolt: ISO 898-1 Grade 8.8	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-			0.65		
Anct	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-			0.60		
	,	.,	kN	25.6	40.6	59.0	109.7	171.4
0, 20	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(lb)	(5,760)	(9,125)	(13,265)	(24,660)	(38,525)
oolt ade ide 7	as governed by steel strength	1/	kN	15.4	24.4	35.4	65.8	102.8
1 Gra		V _{sa}	(lb)	(3,455)	(5,475)	(7,960)	(14,795)	(23,115)
nchc 506- 506-	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	-		0.	90	
Anchor / Bolt ISO 3506-1 Grade 70 and HCR Grade 70	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-			0.65		
_	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-			0.60		

¹Values provided for fischer RG M I based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriated for the rod strength and type.

²For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

TABLE 18—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR

DES	IGN	CVMDOL	LIMITO		Ancho	r Metrical Thre	ad Size	
INFORM	IATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Embodme	ant donth	h	mm	90	90	125	160	200
Embedme	ent depth	h _{ef}	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	(4.92)	(6.30)	(7.87)
	Uncracked	k	SI			10		
Effectiveness	Concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(in.lb)			(24)		
Factor	Cracked Concrete	k	SI			7.1		
	Cracked Concrete	K _{c,cr}	(in.lb)			(17)		
	Anchor spacing	Smin	mm (in.)			$s_{min} = c_{min}$		
Minimun	Edua Diatana	_	mm	55	65	75	95	125
Value	Edge Distance	Cmin	(in.)	(2.17)	(2.56)	(2.95)	(3.74)	(4.92)
	Member Thickness	h	mm	120 125 165 205 2				
	Member mickness	h _{min}	(in.)	(4.72)	(4.92)	(6.50)	(8.07)	(10.24)
Critical Value	Edge Distance for Splitting Failure	Cac	mm (in.)		See Sec	tion 4.1.10 of th	nis report	
Strength reduction factor f, concrete	Tension	ϕ	-			0.65		
failure modes, Condition B ¹	Shear	φ	-			0.70		

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

 1 Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 19—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT 1,2

							Anchor Me	trical Thread	Size (mm)	
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	1	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20
	Foot do			t-	mm	90	90	125	160	200
	Embedme	ent Deptn		h _{ef}	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	(4.92)	(6.30)	(7.87)
£			With Sustained		N/mm²	15.6	15.0	14.6	14.1	13.5
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2,265)	(2,170)	(2,125)	(2,040)	(1,960)
d Sti	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	19.5	18.7	18.3	17.6	16.9
aracteristic Bond Streng in Uncracked Concrete	remperature – ro	19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(2,830)	(2,710)	(2,655)	(2,555)	(2,450)
stic	Marrian Obs	T	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	11.9	11.4	11.2	10.7	10.3
steris	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,655)	(1,620)	(1,555)	(1,495)
arac in U	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	19.5	18.7	18.3	17.6	16.9
ਠ	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C)°	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(2,830)	(2,710)	(2,655)	(2,555)	(2,450)
£			With Sustained		N/mm²	9.5	9.3	9.1	9.0	9.0
reng te	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,380)	(1,345)	(1,325)	(1,310)	(1,300)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	11.9	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2
Sol	Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C	19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,680)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,625)
stic	Marrian Obs	T	With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.8
steris Crac	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,055)	(1,025)	(1,010)	(1,000)	(990)
arac in	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term	 	N/mm²	11.9	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2
ਠ	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C)°	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,680)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,625)
ı	Reduction Factor f	or Seismic T	ension	α _{N,seis}	-	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88
	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-	0.	65		0.55	
actor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фа	-	0.	65		0.55	
ength Reduction Facto for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-			0.65		
niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	<i>∲</i> ws	-			0.65		
th Reduction From Properties of the Permissible allation Condition	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-			0.45		
gth F for l	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фwf	-			0.45		
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-			0.55		
1	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	$\phi_{ m uw}$	-			0.55		
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	V	-	0.	92	0.91	0.89	0.85
Moc cati Faci	in Concrete		c Inspection	K_{Wf}	-	0.86	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.77

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 20—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT 1,2

						JIAWOND CO		ric Thread Dia	ameter (mm)			
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	ı	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20		
	Foot do			t-	mm	90	90	125	160	200		
	Embedme	ent Deptn		h _{ef}	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	(4.92)	(6.30)	(7.87)		
£	Marrian Obs		With Sustained		N/mm²	10.6	9.8	9.4	8.9	8.2		
reng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,545)	(1,425)	(1,370)	(1,290)	(1,195)		
d Sti	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	13.3	12.3	11.8	11.1	10.3		
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	remperature – ro	19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,930)	(1,785)	(1,710)	(1,610)	(1,495)		
stic	Massinas Cha	t T	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	8.1	7.5	7.2	6.8	6.3		
steri	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,175)	(1,090)	(1,045)	(980)	(910)		
iarac in U	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	13.3	12.3	11.8	11.1	10.3		
5	Temperature - 12	.2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,930)	(1,785)	(1,710)	(1,610)	(1,495)		
ff.	Maximum Sho	ort Tarm	With Sustained		N/mm²	6.6	6.7	6.9	6.6	6.5		
reng	Temperature = 16	32°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(965)	(975)	(1,000)	(965)	(940)		
d St ncre	Temperature = 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C) Maximum Short Term Temperature = 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long Term		Short Term		N/mm²	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.3	8.1		
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete		19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵	_	(psi)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,245)	(1,205)	(1,175)		
stic	Maximum Sho	ort Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.9		
cteri	Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(735)	(745)	(760)	(735)	(715)		
in in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.3	8.1		
ن	Temperature – 12	.2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,245)	(1,205)	(1,175)		
i	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	$lpha_{N, {\sf seis}}$	-	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88		
စ်	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	٨.	-		0.65		0.55	0.45		
acto	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		Periodic Inspection		φa	-		0.65		0.55	0.45
ength Reduction Facto for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-			0.65				
uctic miss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φws	-		0.65		0.55	0.45		
th Reduction Front Front Properties that the second	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4.	-			0.45				
gth I for talla	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фwf	-			0.45				
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	ϕ_{uw}	-	0.45		0.	55			
	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Ψuw	-	0.45		0.	55			
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	$K_{\sf Wf}$	-	0.95		1	.0			
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete		c Inspection		-	0.94	0.95	0.	97	0.95		

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength fc between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 21—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT 1,

			ES DRILLED W					trical Thread	l Size (mm)	
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	I	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20
	Foot des			t-	mm	90	90	125	160	200
	Embedme	ent Deptn		h _{ef}	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	(4.92)	(6.30)	(7.87)
£	Marrian Obs	T	With Sustained		N/mm²	14.8	13.8	13.4	12.8	12.1
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2,145)	(2,005)	(1,950)	(1,855)	(1,750)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10		Short Term		N/mm²	18.5	17.3	16.8	16.0	15.1
Bon	Temperature – To	9 1 (43 0)	Loads only ⁵	_	(psi)	(2,685)	(2,510)	(2,435)	(2,320)	(2,190)
stic	Maximum Sho	ut Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	11.3	10.6	10.2	9.8	9.2
sterij	Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,635)	(1,530)	(1,485)	(1,415)	(1,335)
iarac in U	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	18.5	17.3	16.8	16.0	15.1
ò	Temperature – 12	2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,685)	(2,510)	(2,435)	(2,320)	(2,190)
)th	Maximum Cha		With Sustained		N/mm²	9.1	9.0	8.9	8.8	8.8
reng	Maximum Short Term Temperature = 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C)	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,325)	(1,310)	(1,290)	(1,275)	(1,275)	
d St ncre		ng Term	Short Term	- τ _{k,cr}	N/mm²	11.4	11.3	11.1	11.0	11.0
B S T	Temperature - 10	91 (43 0)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,610)	(1,595)	(1,595)
stic ckec	Maximum Sho	ort Torm	With Sustained		N/mm²	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,010)	(1,000)	(980)	(975)	(975)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		N/mm²	11.4	11.3	11.1	11.0	11.0
טֿ	Temperature - 12	21 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,610)	(1,595)	(1,595)
	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	$lpha_{ extsf{N}, extsf{seis}}$	-	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88
actors	Dry Holes	Continuo	ntinuous Inspection		-		0.	65		0.55
Reduction Fa Permissible Ition Condition	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	$\phi_{ m d}$	-		0.	65		0.55
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated	Continuous Inspection		,	-	- 0.65				
Streng f Insta	Holes in Concrete	Periodio	ϕ_{ws} ic Inspection		-			0.65		

 $^{^{1}}$ Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f'c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f'c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

		2—31666	DESIGN	INFORINI	ATION FOI		ninal rod o				
	DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/ ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	11/4
			in.	³ / ₈	1/2	5/ ₈	3/4	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	11/4
F	Rod Outside Diameter	da	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.6)	(31.8)
			In. ²	0.0775	0.1418	0.2260	0.3345	0.4617	0.6057	0.7626	0.9691
Rod ef	fective cross-sectional area	A_{se}	(mm²)	(50.0)	(91.5)	(145.8)	(215.8)	(297.9)	(390.8)	(492.0)	(625.2)
			lb	5,620	10,285	16,390	24,255	33,485	43,930	55,305	70,275
8.8	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(kN)	(25.0)	(45.8)	(72.9)	(107.9)	(149.0)	(195.4)	(246.0)	(312.6)
ide (as governed by steel strength		lb	3,370	6,170	9,835	14,555	20,090	26,355	33,180	42,165
l Gra	by steer strength	V _{sa}	(kN)	(15.0)	(27.5)	(43.7)	(64.7)	(89.4)	(117.2)	(147.6)	(187.6)
68M 8-1 (Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	(1010)	, ,	.74	(0)	(001.)	0.0	, ,	(10110)
4 F5 O 89	Strength reduction factor	φ	_			· · ·	0	65			
ASTM F568M Grade 5.8. ISO 898-1 Grade 5.8	ϕ for tension ² Strength reduction factor	φ									
4	ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.	60			
		N _{sa}	lb	4,495	8,230	13,110	19,405	26,790	35,140	44,240	56,220
36 /	Nominal strength as governed	rvsa	(kN)	(20.0)	(36.6)	(58.3)	(86.3)	(119.2)	(156.3)	(196.8)	(250.1)
ade de 30	by steel strength	V _{sa}	lb	2,700	4,935	7,865	11,645	16,075	21,085	26,545	33,730
3 Gr Grac		V Sa	(kN)	(12.0)	(22.0)	(35.0)	(51.8)	(71.5)	(93.8)	(118.1)	(150.0)
1 A3(Reduction for seismic shear	αV,seis	-		0.	,74			0.0	60	
ASTM A36 Grade 36 F1554 Grade 36	Strength reduction factor \$\phi\$ for tension^3	φ	-				0.	75			
٩	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ	ľ				0.	65			
		N _{sa}	lb	5,810	10,635	16,945	25,080	34,625	45,420	57,185	72,665
10	Nominal strength as governed	IVsa	(kN)	(25.9)	(47.3)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(154.0)	(202.0)	(254.4)	(323.2)
de 55	by steel strength	V _{sa}	lb	3,485	6,380	10,165	15,050	20,775	27,255	34,310	43,600
Grac		V Sa	(kN)	(15.5)	(28.4)	(45.2)	(66.9)	(92.4)	(121.2)	(152.6)	(193.9)
F1554 Grade	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-		0.	.74			0.	60	
Ţ	Strength reduction factor \$\phi\$ for tension^3	φ	-				0.	75			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ	-				0.	65			
		Λ/	lb	9,665	17,690	28,190	41,720	57,595	75,555	95,120	120,875
105	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(kN)	(43.0)	(78.7)	(125.4)	(185.6)	(256.2)	(336.1)	(423.1)	(537.7)
3 B7 irade	as governed by steel strength	V	lb	5,800	10,615	16,915	25,035	34,555	45,335	57,075	72,525
A19:		V _{sa}	(kN)	(25.8)	(47.2)	(75.2)	(111.4)	(153.7)	(201.7)	(253.9)	(322.6)
TM F15	Reduction for seismic shear	αV,seis	-		0.	.74			0.0	60	
ASTM A193 B7 ASTM F1554 Grade105	Strength reduction factor \$\phi\$ for tension^2		-	- 0.65							
⋖	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.	60			

TABLE 22—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD1 (Continued)

				TRIBATION					,		
	DESIGN	Symbol	Units			Non	ninal rod d	iameter (iı	nch)		
	INFORMATION	Symbol	Oille	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	11/ ₄
M		.,	lb	7,360	13,475	21,470	31,775	43,865	57,545	72,445	92,060
3 Grade B8 / B8M 2B Stainless	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(kN)	(32.8)	(59.9)	(95.5)	(141.3)	(195.1)	(256.0)	(322.3)	(409.5)
e B8	as governed by steel strength	V _{sa}	lb	4,415	8,085	12,880	19,065	26,320	34,525	43,470	55,235
Brad S Sta		V sa	(kN)	(19.7)	(36.0)	(57.3)	(84.8)	(117.1)	(153.6)	(193.4)	(245.7)
93 G e 2E	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-		0.	74			0.0	60	
ASTM A193 Grade 2	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	φ	φ - 0.75								
AST	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ	ı	0.65							
SS			lb	6,585	12,055	19,205	28,430	39,245	51,485	64,815	82,365
Stainless	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(kN)	(29.3)	(53.6)	(85.4)	(126.5)	(174.6)	(229.0)	(288.3)	(366.4)
Sta	as governed by steel strength	1/	lb	3,950	7,230	11,525	17,055	23,545	30,890	38,890	49,420
CW		V _{sa}	(kN)	(17.6)	(32.2)	(51.3)	(75.9)	(104.7)	(137.4)	(173.0)	(219.8)
F593,	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-		0.	74			0.	60	
ASTM FE	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²		-	0.65							
AS	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-	0.60							

¹ Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod strength and type.

²For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

³For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a ductile steel element.

TABLE 23—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD

	TABLE 23—C		AII	, J. J. D. C. C.						-	
	SIGN	Symbol	Units			Nomi	nal rod dia	meter (inc	h)		
INFORM	MATION	Cyllibol	Office	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄
	Minimum	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	5
Embedment	Wilhimum	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)
Depth	Massinassona	6	in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25
	Maximum	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(435)	(508)	(572)	(635)
	Uncracked	1.	in.lb				24				
Effectiveness	Concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(SI)				(10)			
Factor	Cracked	1-	in.lb				17				
	Concrete	K c,cr	(SI)				(7.1)			
	Anchor Spacing	Smin	in. (mm)	S _{min} = C _{min}							
Minimum	Edua Distance	_	in.								6.30
Value	Edge Distance	C _{min}	(mm)	(42.5) (57.5) (65) (80) (95) (110) (135)						(135)	(160)
	Member	4-	in.	h _{ef} + 1.2	5 (≥ 4.0)			L . C	u 1		
	Thickness	h _{min}	(mm)	(h _{ef} + 30	[≥ 100])			h _{ef} + 2	(a 0 '		
Critical Value Failure Edge Distance for Splitting Failure In. (mm) See Section 4.1.10 of this report											
Strength reduction	Tension	φ	-	- 0.65							
factor ϕ , concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	Shear	φ	-	0.70							

 $^{^{1}}$ d₀ = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with the load combinations of 2021 IBC Section 1605.1, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC Section 1605.2 or ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2 as set forth in ACI 318 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of *φ* must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 24—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT 1,2

								Thread	ed Rod	Diamete	er (inch)		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	ı	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	11/ ₄
	Minimum Funk	- dun - u-t D - u	41-	4-	in.	2 ³ / ₈	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	5
	Minimum Embe	eament Dep	otn	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)
	Massinassina Frank	D	-41-	L	in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	221/2	25
	Maximum Emb	eament De	otn	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
뒫	Marrian Oh	T	With Sustained		psi	2,365	2,265	2,170	2,100	2,040	1,995	1,960	1,925
reng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(16.3)	(15.6)	(15.0)	(14.5)	(14.1)	(13.8)	(13.5)	(13.3)
d St	Maximum Lon Temperature = 10		Short Term		psi	2,960	2,830	2,710	2,625	2,555	2,495	2,450	2,410
Bon	remperature – 10	9 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(20.4)	(19.5)	(18.7)	(18.1)	(17.6)	(17.2)	(16.9)	(16.6)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Sho	rt Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,805	1,725	1,655	1,600	1,555	1,520	1,495	1,470
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(12.4)	(11.9)	(11.4)	(11.0)	(10.7)	(10.5)	(10.3)	(10.1)
in L	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	2,960	2,830	2,710	2,625	2,555	2,495	2,450	2,410
Ö	Temperature = 12	21 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(20.4)	(19.5)	(18.7)	(18.1)	(17.6)	(17.2)	(16.9)	(16.6)
Jt.	Maximum Sho	aximum Short Term erature = 162°F (72°C)	With Sustained		psi	1,415	1,370	1,335	1,325	1,310	1,300	1,300	1,300
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.8)	(9.4)	(9.2)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.0)
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Short Term Femperature = 162°F (72°C), Maximum Long Term Femperature = 109°F (43°C)	Short Term		psi	1,770	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,640	1,625	1,625	1,625	
Bg Co	Temperature = 10	91 (43 0)	Loads only⁵	Tk,cr	(N/mm²)	(12.2)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)	(11.2)	(11.2)
stic	Maximum Sho	rt Torm	With Sustained		psi	1,080	1,045	1,015	1,010	1,000	990	990	990
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.4)	(7.2)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(6.8)	(6.8)	(6.8)
in	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,770	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,640	1,625	1,625	1,625
Ö	Temperature = 12	21 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.2)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)	(11.2)	(11.2)
F	Reduction Factor fo	r Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.87
2	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	ϕ_{d}	-		0.65				0.55		
acto	in Concrete	Periodic	Inspection	Ψα	-		0.65				0.55		
on F ible adition	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	A	-	0.55				0.65			
uctic niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodic	Inspection	Øws	-	0.55				0.65			
ength Reduction Facto for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-				0.	45			
gth I for talla	in Concrete	Periodic	c Inspection	Ψwt	-				0.	45			
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.	55			
	in Concrete	Periodio	Inspection	$\phi_{\sf uw}$	-				0.	55			
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>V</i> . ,	-	0.91	0.	92	0.91	0.89	0.88	0.85	0.82
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodic	Inspection	K_{wf}	-	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.78	0.77	0.77

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

² Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 25—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT 1,2

			IN HULES		NITTI A DIF	WINDING C		readed F	Rod Dian	neter (inc	h)	
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	N	Symbol	Units	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	11/ ₄
					in.	23/4	3 ¹ / ₈	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	5
	Minimum Emb	edment Dep	oth	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)
					in.	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25
	Maximum Emb	edment De	pth	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
th			With Sustained		psi	1,520	1,425	1,345	1,290	1,240	1,195	1,160
eng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(10.5)	(9.8)	(9.3)	(8.9)	(8.6)	(8.2)	(8.0)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Lor	ng Term 🧍	Short Term		psi	1,900	1,785	1,680	1,610	1,550	1,495	1,450
Bonc	Temperature = 10	19°F (43°C)°	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(13.1)	(12.3)	(11.6)	(11.1)	(10.7)	(10.3)	(10.0)
stic I			With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,160	1,090	1,025	980	945	910	885
teris	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(8.0)	(7.5)	(7.1)	(6.8)	(6.5)	(6.3)	(6.1)
arac in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,900	1,785	1,680	1,610	1,550	1,495	1,450
ਠ	Temperature = 12	(2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(13.1)	(12.3)	(11.6)	(11.1)	(10.7)	(10.3)	(10.0)
£	Massinas Cha	t. T	With Sustained		psi	965	975	985	965	940	930	915
reng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(6.6)	(6.7)	(6.8)	(6.6)	(6.5)	(6.4)	(6.3)
d Sti	Maximum Lor	ximum Long Term	Short Term		psi	1,205	1,220	1,235	1,205	1,175	1,160	1,145
Bon	remperature – ro	Maximum Long Term nperature = 109°F (43°C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(8.3)	(8.4)	(8.5)	(8.3)	(8.1)	(8.0)	(7.9)
stic	Marrian Ob	kimum Short Term	τ _{k,cr} With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	735	745	750	735	715	710	700
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Temperature = 16	ort Term			(N/mm²)	(5.1)	(5.1)	(5.2)	(5.1)	(4.9)	(4.9)	(4.8)
iarac in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,205	1,220	1,235	1,205	1,175	1,160	1,145
ည်	Temperature = 12	22 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(8.3)	(8.4)	(8.5)	(8.3)	(8.1)	(8.0)	(7.9)
F	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic 7	Tension	αN,seis	-	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.87
ည	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-	0.0	65		0.55		0.4	45
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фа	-	0.0	65		0.55		0.4	45
n Fa ible nditic	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-				0.65			
ength Reduction Facto for Permissible Installation Conditions	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φws	-	0.0	65		0.55		0.4	45
Red Perr tion	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.45			
gth F for talla	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фwf	-				0.45			
trenç	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-	0.45			0.	55		
Ω	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	$\phi_{ m uw}$	-	0.45			0.	55		
	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	V	-			1.	.0			0.98
L C	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Kd	-			1.	.0			0.98
Modification Factors	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	v	-				1.0			
odifi	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	K_{ws}	-			1.	.0			0.98
Ž	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>V</i> .	-	0.95			1	.0		
	in Concrete		c Inspection	$K_{\it Wf}$	-	0.94		0.97		0.95	0.94	0.92
Can Ol. 4			N 4 : - 0 000									

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 26—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT 1,2

			.ES DRILLED W							eter (incl	า) ⁶	
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	l	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	11/4
	Minimum Emb	admont Dar	446	h	in.	23/8	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	5
	Minimum Emb	eament Det	ouri	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(127)
	Massinas Carl		- 41-	6	in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	25
	Maximum Emb	eament De	otn	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(635)
£	Marriana				psi	2,285	2,135	2,020	1,925	1,855	1,800	1,705
reng		perature = 162°F (72°C), Maximum Long Term Short			(N/mm²)	(15.8)	(14.7)	(13.9)	(13.3)	(12.8)	(12.4)	(11.8)
aracteristic Bond Streng in Uncracked Concrete		rature = 109°F (43°C)³ ximum Short Term	Short Term		psi	2,855	2,670	2,525	2,410	2,320	2,250	2,130
Bon	remperature – ro	mum Short Term ture = 162°F (72°C), mum Long Term	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(19.7)	(18.4)	(17.4)	(16.6)	(16.0)	(15.5)	(14.7)
stic	Massinas una Clas	um Short Term ure = 162°F (72°C), uum Long Term	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,745	1,630	1,540	1,470	1,415	1,370	1,300
cteri	Temperature = 16	Short Term = 162°F (72°C), Long Term	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(12.0)	(11.2)	(10.6)	(10.1)	(9.8)	(9.5)	(9.0)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete		laximum Long Term ´	Short Term		psi	2,855	2,670	2,525	2,410	2,320	2,250	2,130
င်	Temperature - 12	nperature = 122°F (50°C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(19.7)	(18.4)	(17.4)	(16.6)	(16.0)	(15.5)	(14.7)
£	Maximum Cha	Maximum Short Term	With Sustained		psi	1,390	1,370	1,335	1,325	1,325	1,310	1,325
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Temperature = 16	erature = 162°F (72°C)	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.6)	(9.4)	(9.2)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.1)
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10		erm Chart Tarm		psi	1,740	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,655	1,640	1,655
Bon Co	Temperature = 10	79 T (43 C)	Loads only ⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(12.0)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.4)
stic	Maximum Sho	art Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	1,060	1,045	1,015	1,010	1,010	1,000	1,010
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	32°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.3)	(7.2)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(7.0)
in in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,740	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,655	1,640	1,655
ਹ	Temperature = 12	21 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.0)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.4)
F	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.87
actors	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-			0.	65			0.55
uction F nissible Conditi	Dry Holes in Concrete Periodic In Continuous I Periodic In	c Inspection	Фа	-			0.0	65			0.55	
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.65			
Streng	Holes in Concrete Periodic		c Inspection	Фws	-	0.65					_	0.55

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

⁶Size ³/₈ only allowed with Hollow drill bit brand fischer / Bosch.

TABLE 27—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR1

DESIGN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	Rebar size									
				#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11	
Nominal Bar Diameter		da	in.	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ³ / ₈	
			(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.6)	(31.8)	(34.9)	
Bar effective cross-sectional area		Ase	ln.²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27	1.56	
			(mm²)	(71)	(129)	(199)	(284)	(387)	(510)	(645)	(819)	(1006)	
ASTM A615 Grade 40	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	Nsa	lb	6,610	12,005	18,520	26,430	36,020	47,465	60,030	76,225	93,600	
			(kN)	(29.4)	(53.4)	(82.4)	(117.6)	(160.2)	(211.1)	(267.0)	(339.1)	(416.4)	
		Vsa	lb	3,965	7,205	11,115	15,860	21,610	28,480	36,020	45,735	56,160	
			(kN)	(17.6)	(32.0)	(49.4)	(70.5)	(96.1)	(126.7)	(160.2)	(203.4)	(249.8)	
	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	0.74									
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	0.65									
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-	0.60									
ASTM A615 Grade 60	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	N _{sa}	lb	9,910	18,010	27,780	39,650	54,030	71,200	90,045	114,340	140,400	
			(kN)	(44.1)	(80.1)	(123.6)	(176.4)	(240.3)	(316.7)	(400.5)	(508.6)	(624.5)	
		V _{sa}	lb	5,945	10,805	16,670	23,790	32,415	42,720	54,030	68,605	84,240	
			(kN)	(26.5)	(48.1)	(74.1)	(105.8)	(144.2)	(190.0)	(240.3)	(305.2)	(374.7)	
	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	0.74									
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	0.65									
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-	0.60									
ASTM A706 Grade 60	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	Nsa	lb	8,810	16,010	24,695	35,245	48,025	63,290	80,040	101,635	124,800	
			(kN)	(39.2)	(71.2)	(109.8)	(156.8)	(213.6)	(281.5)	(356.0)	(452.1)	(555.1)	
		V _{sa}	lb	5,285	9,605	14,815	21,145	28,815	37,975	48,025	60,980	74,880	
			(kN)	(23.5)	(42.7)	(65.9)	(94.1)	(128.2)	(168.9)	(213.6)	(271.3)	(333.0)	
	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-					0.74					
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	0.65									
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-		0.60								

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

²For use with load combinations section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

TABLE 28—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR

	TABLE 20—	10.1011			223.011	J. (11)/-(1				0.11010	-,	
DESIG		Symbol	Units			1		Rebar Size		1	ı	ı
INFORMA	TION	Cymbo.	O I II I	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
	Minimum	b	in.	23/8	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	5	5 ¹ / ₂
Embedment	IVIIIIIIIIIIIII	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)	(140)
Depth	Marrian	4-	in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25	27 ¹ / ₂
	Maximum	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)	(699)
	Uncracked		in.lb					24				
Effectiveness	Concrete	K c,uncr	(SI)					(10)				
Factor	Cracked	K _{c,cr}	in.lb					17				
	Concrete Anchor Spacing		(SI)					(7.1)				
	Anchor Spacing		in. (mm)					s _{min} = c _{min}				
	Edge		in.	1.69	2.28	2.56	3.15	3.74	4.33	5.12	6.30	6.89
Minimum	Distance	C _{min}	(mm)	(43)	(58)	(65)	(80)	(95)	(110)	(130)	(160)	(175)
Value	Member Thickness	h _{min}	in. (mm)	h_{ef} + 1.25 (≥ 4.0) (h_{ef} + 30 [≥ 100])				h _{ef} +	2d ₀ ¹			
Critical Value Edge Distance for Splitting Failure in. (mm) Edge Distance in. (mm) in. (mm) See Section 4.1.10 of this report												
Strength reduction factor ϕ , concrete	Tension	φ	-	- 0.65								
φ, concrete failure modes,	Shear	φ	1					0.70				

¹ d₀ = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with the load combinations of 2021 IBC Section 1605.1, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC Section 1605.2, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of *φ* must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 29—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT 1,2,6

			_						Re	bar Siz	ze			
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	ı	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
	Minimum Funk	l D	41-	L	in.	2 ³ / ₈	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	5	5 ¹ / ₂
	Minimum Embe	eament Dep	otn	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)	(140)
	Mariana Fast		. 41.		in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25	27 ¹ / ₂
	Maximum Emb	eament Dep	otn	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)	(699)
£	Massimasuma Cha	T	With Sustained		psi	1,555	1,510	1,460	1,440	1,405	1,380	1,360	1,345	740
renç ete	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(10.7)	(10.4)	(10.1)	(9.9)	(9.7)	(9.5)	(9.4)	(9.3)	(5.1)
d St onc	Maximum Lon Temperature = 10		Short Term		psi	1,945	1,885	1,825	1,800	1,755	1,725	1,695	1,680	1,030
aracteristic Bond Streng in Uncracked Concrete	Temperature = 10	91 (43 0)	Loads only ⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(13.4)	(13.0)	(12.6)	(12.4)	(12.1)	(11.9)	(11.7)	(11.6)	(7.1)
stic	Maximum Sho	rt Torm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,185	1,150	1,115	1,095	1,070	1,055	1,035	1,025	740
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(8.2)	(7.9)	(7.7)	(7.6)	(7.4)	(7.3)	(7.1)	(7.1)	(5.1)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,945	1,885	1,825	1,800	1,755	1,725	1,695	1,680	1,030
Ö	remperature = 12	21 (50 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(13.4)	(13.0)	(12.6)	(12.4)	(12.1)	(11.9)	(11.7)	(11.6)	(7.1)
dt.	Maximum Sho	rt Term	With Sustained		psi	1,055	1,045	1,045	1,055	1,055	1,055	1,065	1,080	690
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.3)	(7.2)	(7.2)	(7.3)	(7.3)	(7.3)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(4.8)
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lon Temperature = 10		Short Term		psi	1,320	1,305	1,305	1,320	1,320	1,320	1,335	1,350	955
Bon	romporatare ro	01 (40 0)	Loads only⁵	7	(N/mm²)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.2)	(9.3)	(6.6)
stic	Maximum Sho	rt Torm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	805	795	795	805	805	805	815	825	690
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.6)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.7)	(4.8)
in	Maximum Lon Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,320	1,305	1,305	1,320	1,320	1,320	1,335	1,350	955
Ö	Temperature = 12	21 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.2)	(9.3)	(6.6)
F	Reduction Factor fo	r Seismic T	ension	lphaN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87	1.00
হ	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	du	-		0.65				0.	55		
acto	in Concrete	Periodic	Inspection	Фа	-		0.65				0.9	55		
th Reduction Fa for Permissible allation Condition	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-	0.55				0.65				0.55
uctic niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodio	Inspection	Øws	-	0.55				0.65				0.55
Red Perr	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	A -	-				0.4	15				N/A
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	in Concrete	Periodio	Inspection	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-				0.4	15				N/A
tren	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.5	55				N/A
	in Concrete	Periodio	Inspection	Фиш	-				0.5	55				N/A
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>V</i> .	-	0.91	0.9	92	0.91	0.89	0.88	0.8	82	N/A
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodic	Inspection	$K_{\scriptscriptstyle {Wf}}$	-	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.78	0.	77	N/A

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500) $^{0.1}$ [for SI: (f_c / 17.2) $^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

² Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

⁶N/A indicates evaluation is beyond the scope of this report.

TABLE 30—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT 1,2

									Reba	r Size			
	DESIGN INFO	RMATION		Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
	Minimum Emboo	lmont Dor	44	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	5
	Minimum Embed	лпені рер	JUI	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)
	Maximum Embe	dmont Do	440	h .	in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25
	Maximum Ember	ument De	JUI	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
Jth	Maximum Short	Tarm	With Sustained		psi	1,045	1,020	1,010	1,000	1,000	985	975	975
renç ete	Temperature = 162°		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.2)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(6.9)	(6.8)	(6.7)	(6.7)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Long Temperature = 109°	Term	Short Term		psi	1,305	1,275	1,260	1,245	1,245	1,235	1,220	1,220
Bon	Temperature – 109	r (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.0)	(8.8)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.5)	(8.4)	(8.4)
stic	Manimum Object	T	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	795	780	770	760	760	750	745	745
steris	Maximum Short Temperature = 162°	rerm	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.5)	(5.4)	(5.3)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.1)	(5.1)
arac in U	Maximum Long	Term	Short Term		psi	1,305	1,275	1,260	1,245	1,245	1,235	1,220	1,220
5	Temperature = 122°	F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.0)	(8.8)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.5)	(8.4)	(8.4)
£	Manipus Object	T	With Sustained		psi	555	590	615	650	650	650	650	660
eng	Maximum Short Temperature = 162°		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(3.8)	(4.1)	(4.2)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.6)
d Str	Maximum Long	Term	Short Term		psi	695	740	770	810	810	810	810	825
Cor	Temperature = 109°	F (43°C)°	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(4.8)	(5.1)	(5.3)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.7)
stic F		_	With Sustained	τ _{k,cr}	psi	425	450	470	495	495	495	495	505
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Short Temperature = 162	rerm	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(2.9)	(3.1)	(3.2)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.5)
arac	Maximum Long	Term	Short Term		psi	695	740	770	810	810	810	810	825
ပ်	Temperature = 122°	F (50°C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(4.8)	(5.1)	(5.3)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.7)
F	Reduction Factor for	Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87
ρ	Dry Holes	Continu	ous Inspection	,	-	0.55	0.	65		0.55	•	0.4	45
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	Фа	-	0.55	0.	65		0.55		0.4	45
n Fa ble iditio	Water Saturated	Continu	ous Inspection	,	-				0.	65			
ength Reduction Factc for Permissible Installation Conditions	Holes in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	φws	-	0.55	0.	65		0.55		0.4	45
Sedu Pern tion	Water-filled Holes	Continu	ous Inspection	,	-				0.	45			
for I	in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	Фwf	-				0.	45			
reng	Underwater	Continu	ous Inspection	,	-	0.	45			0.	55		
S	Installation in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	$\phi_{ m uw}$	-	0.	45			0.	55		
	Dry Holes	Continu	ous Inspection		-			1	.0			0.	98
Ę	in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	K_d	-			1	.0			0.	98
Modification Factors	Water Saturated	Continu	ous Inspection	IV.	-				1	.0			
odificatic Factors	Holes in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	K_{ws}	-			1	.0			0.	98
ğ	Holes in Concrete Water-filled Continuou	ous Inspection	7.5	-	0.91	0.95			1	.0			
	Holes in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	K_{wf}	-	0.89	0.94		0.97		0.95	0.9	92
- Ol. 4	inch = 25.4 mm 1 ll		•	2007 MD		L	<u> </u>	L			L	L	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 31—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT 1,2

					VIIVIER DRII				Rebar Siz	е		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	1	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9
	Minimum Frak	- du t D	41-	<i>L</i>	in.	23/8	23/4	31/8	3 ¹ / ₂	31/2	4	41/2
	Minimum Emb	eament Dep	om	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)
	Massinas Carl	- d	-41-	b	in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂
	Maximum Emb	eament Dep	otn	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)
뒫	Mariana Ob	T	With Sustained		psi	1,115	1,135	1,150	1,170	1,195	1,205	1,230
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.7)	(7.8)	(7.9)	(8.1)	(8.2)	(8.3)	(8.5)
d St	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10	ng Term	Short Term	,	psi	1,390	1,420	1,435	1,465	1,495	1,510	1,535
aracteristic Bond Streng in Uncracked Concrete	remperature – ro	19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.6)	(9.8)	(9.9)	(10.1)	(10.3)	(10.4)	(10.6)
stic	Maximum Sho	t T	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	850	865	875	895	910	920	940
cteri	Temperature = 16	32°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.9)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(6.2)	(6.3)	(6.3)	(6.5)
in L	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	1,390	1,420	1,435	1,465	1,495	1,510	1,535
Ö	Temperature – 12	.2 1 (30 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.6)	(9.8)	(9.9)	(10.1)	(10.3)	(10.4)	(10.6)
Jth	Maximum Sha	Maximum Short Term	With Sustained		psi	720	755	775	825	860	880	930
reng	Temperature = 16	emperature = 162°F (72°C)			(N/mm²)	(5.0)	(5.2)	(5.4)	(5.7)	(5.9)	(6.1)	(6.4)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete					psi	900	945	970	1,030	1,075	1,100	1,160
Bon	Temperature – Te	75 1 (45 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(6.2)	(6.5)	(6.7)	(7.1)	(7.4)	(7.6)	(8.0)
stic	Maximum Sho	ort Torm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	550	575	595	630	655	670	710
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(3.8)	(4.0)	(4.1)	(4.3)	(4.5)	(4.6)	(4.9)
in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12	ng Term	Short Term		psi	900	945	970	1,030	1,075	1,100	1,160
Ö	Temperature - 12	.2 1 (30 0)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(6.2)	(6.5)	(6.7)	(7.1)	(7.4)	(7.6)	(8.0)
F	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.90	0.88
actors	Dry Holes	Continuous		,	-			0.	65			0.55
iction F nissible Conditi	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Фа	-			0.	65			0.55
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-				0.65			
Strengt f Insta	Holes	Periodio	c Inspection	Фws	-	0.65				0.55		

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 32—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR1

	DESIGN	SYMBOL	UNITS		Anchor Fraction	nal Thread Size		
	INFORMATION	STIVIBUL	UNITS	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	
NI-	unio al Amahan Diamantan	-1	in.	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	
INO	minal Anchor Diameter	d _e	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	
	water Amelian Diameter	-1	in.	0.63	0.72	0.88	1.11	
	uter Anchor Diameter	d _a	(mm)	(16.0)	(18.3)	(22.3)	(28.3)	
A		4	in.²	0.2133	0.2486	0.3185	0.5267	
Anchor e	effective cross-sectional area	A_{se}	(mm²)	(144.6)	(147.9)	(209.5)	(366.0)	
88		Α.,	lb	5,620	10,285	16,390	24,255	
1 Grade 5.8 Grade 5.8	Nominal strength as governed	N _{sa}	(kN)	(25.0)	(45.8)	(72.9)	(107.9)	
Gra	by steel strength		lb	3,370	6,170	9,835	14,555	
898-1 with 98-1 (V_{sa}	(kN)	(15.0)	(27.5)	(43.7)	(64.7)	
× 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-		1.	0		
Anchor ISO 898-1 Grade 5.8 with Bolt: ISO 898-1 Grade 5.8	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	•		0.6	35		
Anc	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-		0.6	60		
8.8		Λ/	lb	8,990	16,455	24,725	38,810	
ade a	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(kN)	(40.0)	(73.2)	(110.0)	(172.6)	
1 Grade 8.	as governed by steel strength	V _{sa}	lb	5,395	9,875	15,735	23,285	
898-1 with 98-1 (V sa	(kN)	(24.0)	(43.9)	(70.0)	(103.6)	
8 O 8 W 898	Reduction for seismic shear	lphaV,seis	-	0.	90	-	0.90	
Anchor: ISO 898-1 Grade 8.8 with Bolt: ISO 898-1 Grade 8.8	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-		0.6	65		
Anck	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-		0.6	60		
	,	A./	lb	7,870	14,400	22,945	33,960	
2,0	Nominal strength	N _{sa}	(kN)	(35.0)	(64.1)	(102.1)	(151.1)	
solt ade	as governed by steel strength	V	lb	4,720	8,640	13,765	20,375	
1 Gra		V_{sa}	(kN)	(21.0)	(38.4)	(61.2)	(90.6)	
nchc 506- 1CR	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-		0.0	90		
Anchor / Bolt ISO 3506-1 Grade 70 and HCR Grade 70	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-					
_	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-		0.6	60		

¹Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

 $^{^2}$ For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

TABLE 33—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR

DES	SIGN	CVMPOL	UNITS		Anchor Fraction	al Threaded Size	
INFORI	MATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4
Embodm	ent Depth	h _{ef}	in	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87
Embeam	ені Берін	Hef	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)
	Uncracked	k	in.lb		2	4	
Effectiveness	Concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(SI)		(1	0)	
Factor	Cracked	K c,cr	in.lb		1	7	
	Concrete	Nc,cr	(SI)		(7.	.1)	
	Anchor Spacing	Smin	in. (mm)		S _{min} =	= C _{min}	
Minimum	Edge Distance	Cmin	in.	2.56	2.95	3.74	4.92
Value	Euge Distance	Cmin	(mm)	(65)	(75)	(95)	(125)
	Member	h _{min}	in.	125	165	205	260
	Thickness	TTmin	(mm)	(4.92)	(6.50)	(8.07)	(10.24)
Critical	Edge Distance	_	in.		0 - 0 - 4 - 4 4	40 - 641-1	
Value	for Splitting Failure	Cac	(mm)		See Section 4.1	.10 of this report	
Strength reduction factor	Tension	φ	-		0.0	65	
 φ, concrete failure modes, Condition B¹ 	Shear	φ	1		0.	70	

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 34—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL and CARBIDE BIT 1.2

						An	chor Fractional	Thread Size (in	nch)
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	I	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4
	Fush a dua	ant Danth		1 -	in.	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87
	Embedme	ent Deptn		h _{ef}	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)
Ŧ			With Sustained		psi	2,170	2,125	2,040	1,960
reng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(15.0)	(14.6)	(14.1)	(13.5)
d Sti	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10	ng Term	Short Term		psi	2,710	2,655	2,555	2,450
Bon d C	remperature – ro	19 F (43 C)°	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(18.7)	(18.3)	(17.6)	(16.9)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Massinas una Clas	t T	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,655	1,620	1,555	1,495
steri	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16	32°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(11.4)	(11.2)	(10.7)	(10.3)
iarac in U	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12	ng Term	Short Term		psi	2,710	2,655	2,555	2,450
5	Temperature - 12	.2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(18.7)	(18.3)	(17.6)	(16.9)
)th	Maximum Cha	ort Tarm	With Sustained		psi	1,345	1,325	1,310	1,300
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Temperature = 16	32°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.3)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Short Term Temperature = 162°F (72°C Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C		Short Term		psi	1,680	1,655	1,640	1,625
B S C		19 T (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(11.6)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)
stic	Maximum Sha	with Sustained		Tk,cr	psi	1,025	1,010	1,000	990
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	nont rerm Loads4			(N/mm²)	(7.1)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(6.8)
in in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,680	1,655	1,640	1,625
ن	Temperature – 12	.2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(11.6)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)
F	Reduction Factor f	or Seismic T	ension	$lpha_{ extsf{N}, extsf{seis}}$	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	٨.	-	0.65		0.55	
acto	in Concrete	Periodic	c Inspection	Фа	-	0.65		0.55	
ible aditio	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.0	65	
uctic niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	φws	-		0.	65	
th Reduction Front Front Properties of the Permissible allation Condition	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>h</i> .	-		0.	45	
ength Reduction Factor for Permissible Installation Conditions	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фwf	-		0.	45	
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Underwater	Continuo	us Inspection	d	-		0.	55	
	in Concrete	Installation in Concrete Periodic	c Inspection	Фиw	-		0.	55	
Modifi- cation Factors		Underwater Installation in Concrete Periodic Ir	us Inspection	$K_{\it Wf}$	-	0.92	0.91	0.89	0.85
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete		c Inspection		-	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.77

 $^{^{1}}$ Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling.

Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 35—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT 1,2

			_			An	chor Fractional	Thread Size (in	ich)		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	ı	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄		
	C m h a d m a	ant Danth		b	in.	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87		
	Embedme	епі Беріп		h _{ef}	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)		
£	Manipulation		With Sustained		psi	1,425	1,370	1,290	1,195		
reng	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.8)	(9.4)	(8.9)	(8.2)		
d St	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10		Short Term		psi	1,785	1,710	1,610	1,495		
Bon	Temperature – 10	9 1 (43 0)	Loads only ⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(12.3)	(11.8)	(11.1)	(10.3)		
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Maximum Sho	et Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,090	1,045	980	910		
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.5)	(7.2)	(6.8)	(6.3)		
iara in L	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,785	1,710	1,610	1,495		
ਠੋ	Temperature – 12	.2 1 (30 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.3)	(11.8)	(11.1)	(10.3)		
yth	Maximum Sho	ort Torm	With Sustained		psi	975	1,000	965	940		
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(6.7)	(6.9)	(6.6)	(6.5)		
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10		Short Term		psi	1,220	1,245	1,205	1,175		
Bg Co	Temperature - 10	91 (43 0)	Loads only⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(8.4)	(8.6)	(8.3)	(8.1)		
stic ckec	Maximum Sho	ort Torm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	745	760	735	715		
cteri	Temperature = 16	2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴	ļ	(N/mm²)	(5.1)	(5.2)	(5.1)	(4.9)		
in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,220	1,245	1,205	1,175		
ਠ	Temperature = 12	.2 1 (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(8.4)	(8.6)	(8.3)	(8.1)		
F	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	$lpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88		
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	٨.	1	0.	65	0.55	0.45		
acto	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фа	-	0.	65	0.55	0.45		
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Water Saturated Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.0	65			
th Reduction From Properties of the Permissible allation Condition	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection				Øws	-	0.	65	0.55	0.45
Red! Perr	Water-filled Continuous Inspect		us Inspection	4.	-		0.4	45			
gth F for talla	Holes in Concrete Periodic Inspection		Inspection	Фwf	-		0.4	45			
tren	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.	55			
	in Concrete	Periodi	Inspection	$\phi_{\sf uw}$	-		0.	55			
Modifi- cation Factors	Water-filled Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>V</i> .	-		1.	.0			
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete		Inspection	$K_{\it Wf}$	-	0.95	0.9	97	0.95		

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f'_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f'c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f'c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling.

Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 36—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT 1,2

						An	chor Fractional	Thread Size (in	ich)
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	I	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4
	Fush a dua	and Dandh		L	in.	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87
	Embeam	ent Depth		h _{ef}	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)
Jt.	Maximum Sho	- ut T	With Sustained		psi	2,005	1,950	1,855	1,750
Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	Temperature = 16		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(13.8)	(13.4)	(12.8)	(12.1)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10	ng Term	Short Term		psi	2,510	2,435	2,320	2,190
Bon ed C	Temperature = 10	79 T (45 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(17.3)	(16.8)	(16.0)	(15.1)
stic	Maximum Sho	art Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,530	1,485	1,415	1,335
cteri	Temperature = 16	62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(10.6)	(10.2)	(9.8)	(9.2)
in L	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	2,510	2,435	2,320	2,190
Ò	Temperature = 12	27 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(17.3)	(16.8)	(16.0)	(15.1)
Jth Th	Maximum Sha	perature = 122°F (50°C) Maximum Short Term perature = 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long Term	With Sustained		psi	1,310	1,290	1,275	1,275
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete			Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.0)	(8.9)	(8.8)	(8.8)
racteristic Bond Strer in Cracked Concrete	Maximum Lor Temperature = 10		Short Term		psi	1,640	1,610	1,595	1,595
Bg Co	Temperature = 10	79 T (45 C)	Loads only ⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(11.3)	(11.1)	(11.0)	(11.0)
stic	Maximum Sho	ort Torm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	1,000	980	975	975
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(6.9)	(6.8)	(6.7)	(6.7)
in	Maximum Lor Temperature = 12		Short Term		psi	1,640	1,610	1,595	1,595
Ò	Temperature = 12	27 (30 0)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(11.3)	(11.1)	(11.0)	(11.0)
F	Reduction Factor f	or Seismic T	ension	$lpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88
actors	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	٨.	-		0.65		0.55
action F nissible Conditi	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Фа	-		0.65		0.55
Strength Reduction Factors for Permissible Installation Conditions	Holes	d Continuous Inspection		4	-		0.0	65	
Streng 1 Insta	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Фws	-	0.65			

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f'_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of (f'c / 2,500)^{0.1} [for SI: (f'c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling.

Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

TABLE 37—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

	DESI	GN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units		•		Rebar size	•	•	
	DESI	JN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Nan	sin al Dan Diameter	al	mm	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Non	ninal Bar Diameter	d₅	(in.)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)	(0.98)	(1.10)	(1.26)
	Dan affact	i	4	mm²	78.5	113.0	201.0	314.0	491.0	616.0	804.0
	Bar effective cross-sectional area		Ase	(in.²)	(0.122)	(0.175)	(0.312)	(0.487)	(0.761)	(0.955)	(1.246)
ngth	DIN 488	Concrete Compressive Strength		mm	348	418	557	870	1,088	1,218	1,392
ment le for	B500B	f' _c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) (normal weight concrete) ³	,	(in.)	(13.7)	(16.4)	(21.9)	(34.3)	(42.8)	(48.0)	(54.8)
Development length for	DIN 488	Concrete Compressive Strength	la	mm	305	330	440	688	860	963	1,101
Dev	B500B	f' _c = 4,000 psi (27.6 MPa) (normal weight concrete) ³		(in.)	(12.0)	(13.0)	(17.3)	(27.1)	(33.9)	(37.9)	(43.3)

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

TABLE 38—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

	DECICAL INE	DMATION	Comple al	l luite				F	Rebar size	9			
	DESIGN INFO	JRWATION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
No	minal roinforci	ng har diameter	d _h	in.	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ³ / ₈
INO	illillai reilliordi	Nominal bar area		(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.6)	(31.8)	(34.9)
	Nominal			in.²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27	1.56
	Nominari			(mm²)	(71.0)	(129.0)	(199.0)	(284.0)	(387.0)	(510.0)	(645.0)	(819.0)	(1,006.0)
	ASTM A615	Concrete		in.	12.0	12.0	12.0	14.4	21.0	24.0	27.0	30.0	33.0
	Grade 40	Compressive Strength		(mm)	(305)	(305)	(305)	(366)	(533)	(610)	(686)	(762)	(838)
ngth	ASTM A615 / A706	f' _c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) (normal weight		in.	12.0	14.4	18.0	21.6	31.5	36.0	40.5	45.0	49.5
ment le for	Grade 60	concrete) ³	,	(mm)	(305)	(366)	(457)	(549)	(800)	(914)	(1,029)	(1,143)	(1,257)
Development length for	ASTM A615	Concrete	l _d	in.	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	16.6	19.0	21.3	23.7	26.1
Dev	Grade 40	Compressive Strength f' _c = 4,000 psi		(mm)	(305)	(305)	(305)	(305)	(422)	(482)	(542)	(602)	(663)
	ASTM	(27.6 MPa) (normal weight		in.	12.0	12.0	14.2	17.1	24.9	28.5	32.0	35.6	39.1
	/ (O 1 W)			(mm)	(305)	(305)	(361)	(434)	(633)	(723)	(813)	(904)	(994)

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind and seismic loads (SDC A and B)

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and section 4.2.4. of this report.

³For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d), as applicable, are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$

 $^{4\}left(\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}\right) = 2.5, \ \psi_t = 1.0, \ \psi_e = 1.0, \ \psi_s = 0.8 \ \text{for } d_b \le 20 \ \text{mm}, \ \psi_s = 1.0 \ \text{for } d_b > 20 \ \text{mm}$

⁵Minimum f'_c of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1

⁶Calculations may be performed for other steel grades per ACI 318-11 Chapter 12 or ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-19 Chapter 25

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind and seismic loads (SDC A and B)

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable, and section 4.2.4. of this report

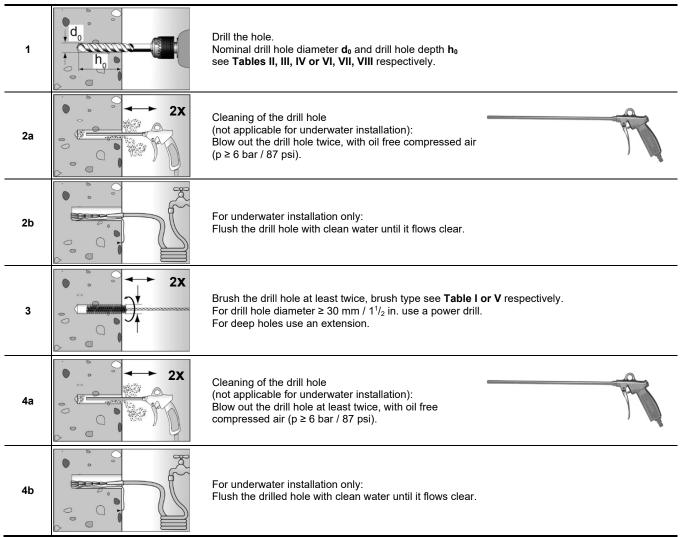
³For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d), as applicable, are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$

 $^{4\}left(\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}\right) = 2.5, \ \psi_t = 1.0, \ \psi_e = 1.0, \ \psi_s = 0.8 \ \text{for} \ d_b \le \#6, \ \psi_s = 1.0 \ \text{for} \ d_b > \#6$

⁵Minimum f'_c of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1

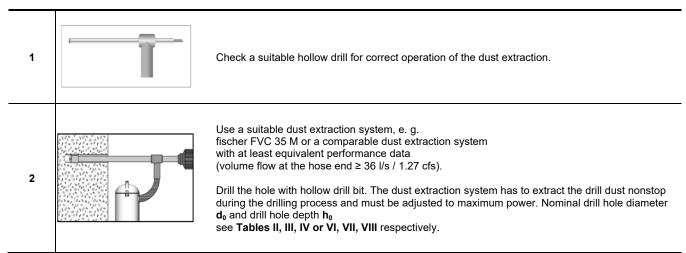
⁶Calculations may be performed for other steel grades per ACI 318-11 Chapter 12 or ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-19 Chapter 25

Drilling and cleaning the hole (hammer drilling with standard drill bit)



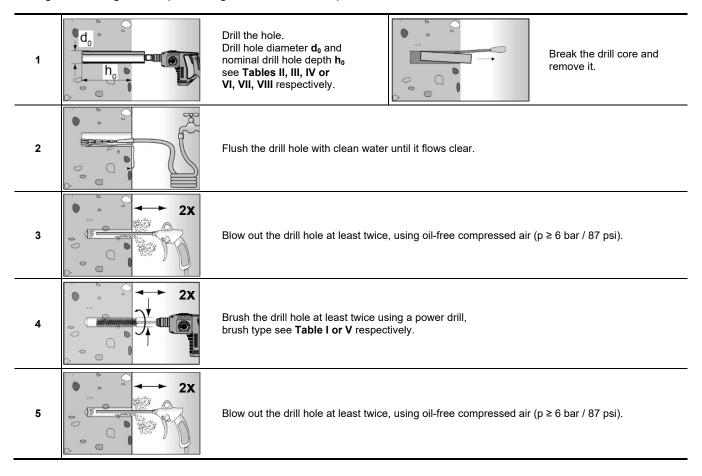
Go to step 6

Drilling and cleaning the hole (hammer drilling with hollow drill bit)



Go to step 6

Drilling and cleaning the hole (wet drilling with diamond drill bit)



Preparing the cartridge

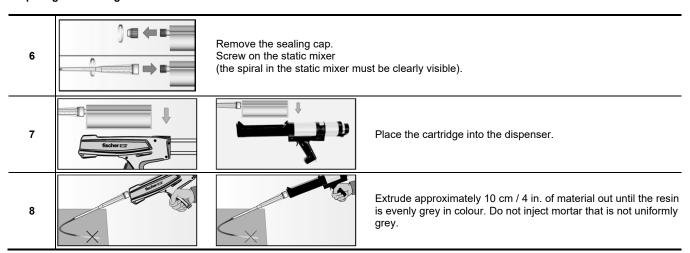
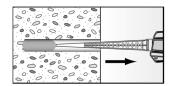


FIGURE 6—FIS EM PLUS INSTALLATION INFORMATION (Continued)

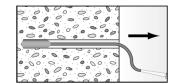
Injection of the mortar

9

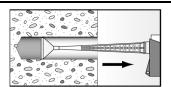
10



Fill approximately 2/3 of the drilled hole with mortar. Always begin from the bottom of the hole and avoid air pockets or voids.

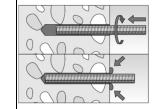


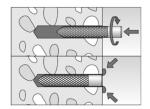
For drill hole depth ($h_0 \ge 150$ mm / 6 in.) use an extension tube.



For overhead installation, deep holes ($h_0 > 250 \text{ mm}$ / 10 in.) or drill hole diameter ($d_0 \ge 40 \text{ mm}$ / $1^1/_2$ in.) use an injection-adapter see **Table I or V** respectively.

Installation of anchor rods or fischer internal threaded anchor



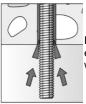


Only use clean and oil-free metal parts.

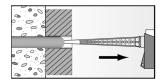
Mark the setting depth on the anchor rod. Push the anchor rod or fischer internal threaded anchor

RG M I down to the bottom of the hole, turning it slightly while doing so.

After inserting the anchor element, excess mortar must be emerged around the anchor element.



For overhead installations support the anchor element with wedges (e. g. fischer centering wedges) or fischer overhead clips.



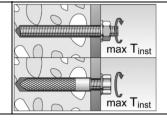
For push through installation fill the annular gap with mortar.

11



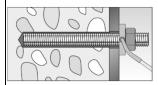
Wait for the specified curing time t_{cure} see **Table IX**.

12



Mounting the fixture max T_{inst} see Tables II, IV or VI, VIII respectively.

Option



After the minimum curing time is reached, the gap between anchor element and fixture (annular clearance) may be filled with mortar via the fischer filling disc FFD.

Compressive strength ≥ 50 N/mm² / 7250 psi

(e.g. fischer injection mortars FIS HB, FIS SB, FIS V Plus, FIS EM Plus)

ATTENTION: Using fischer filling disk FFD reduces t_{fix} (usable length of the anchor).

FIGURE 6—FIS EM PLUS INSTALLATION INFORMATION (Continued)

Installation reinforcing bars

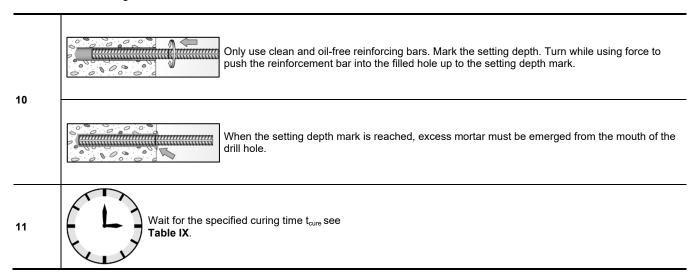


FIGURE 6—FIS EM PLUS INSTALLATION INFORMATION (Continued)

Table I. Drill hole diameter / Accessories for metric sizes

Drill	bit	Rods	Rebar	Internal rods	Bru	ısh	Injectio	on adapter
Ø [inch]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Туре	Item. No.	Size	Color
3/8	10	M8	-	-	BS10	78178	-	-
7/16	12	M10	-	-	BS12	78179	12	nature
9/16	14	M12	10	RG M8 I	BS14	78180	14	blue
5/8	16	-	12	-	BS 16/18	78181	16	red
3/4	18	M16	-	RG M10 I	BS 16/18	78181	18	yellow
13/16	20	-	16	RG M12 I	BS 20	52277	20	green
1	24	M20	-	RG M16 I	BS 24	78182	24	brown
1	25	-	20	-	BS 25	97806	25	black
1 1/8	28	M24	-	-	BS 28	78183	28	blue
1 1/4	30	M27	25	-	BS 35	78184	30	grey
1 1/4	32	-	-	RG M20 I	BS 35	78184	30	grey
1 3/8	35	M30	28	-	BS 35	78184	35	brown
1 1/2	40	-	32	-	BSB 40	505061	40	red

Table II. Metric threaded rods

d_{a}	d_0		$h_{\text{ef,min}}$		$h_{ef,max}$		h_{min}		$s_{min} = c_{min}$		max T _{inst}	
[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft·lb]
M8	10	3/8	60	2,36	160	6,30	1	1	40	1,57	10	7
M10	12	7/16	60	2,36	200	7,87	h _{ef} + 30 (>100)	h _{ef} + 1,25 (≥4)	45	1,77	20	15
M12	14	9/16	70	2,76	240	9,45	(≥100)	(=4)	55	2,17	40	30
M16	18	3/4	80	3,15	320	12,60			65	2,56	60	44
M20	24	1	90	3,54	400	15,75			85	3,35	120	89
M24	28	1 1/8	96	3,78	480	18,90	h _{ef} + 2d ₀	h _{ef} + 2d ₀	105	4,13	150	111
M27	30	1 1/4	108	4,25	540	21,26			120	4,72	200	148
M30	35	1 3/8	120	4,72	600	23,62			140	5,51	300	221

Table III. Metric reinforcing bars

d_a / d_b	$d_0 \qquad \qquad h_{\text{ef,min}}$		f,min	$h_{\sf ef,max}$		h_{min}		$s_{min} = c_{min}$		max T _{inst} ¹		
[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft·lb]
10	14	9/16	60	2,36	200	7,87	h _{ef} + 30 (≥100)	h _{ef} + 1,25 (≥4)	45	1,77	30	22
12	16	5/8	70	2,76	240	9,45			55	2,17	50	37
16	20	13/16	80	3,15	320	12,60			65	2,56	110	81
20	25	1	90	3,54	400	15,75	h _{ef} + 2d ₀	h _{ef} + 2d ₀	85	3,35	190	140
25	30	1 1/4	100	3,94	500	19,69			120	4,72	280	207
28	35	1 3/8	112	4,41	560	22,05			140	5,51	350	258
32	40	1 1/2	128	5,04	640	25,20			160	6,30	430	317

¹Torque moment only required when using threaded reinforcing bars to resist seismic loading

Table IV. Metric internal threaded anchor

d_{e}	(d_a		d_0	h	ef	l	າ _{min}	s _{min} =	C _{min}	ma	x T _{inst}
[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft·lb]
RG M8 I	12	1/2	14	9/16	90	3,54	120	4,72	55	2,17	10	7
RG M10 I	16	5/8	18	3/4	90	3,54	125	4,92	65	2,56	20	15
RG M12 I	18	11/16	20	13/16	125	4,92	165	6,50	75	2,95	40	30
RG M16 I	22	7/8	24	1	160	6,30	205	8,07	95	3,74	80	59
RG M20 I	28	1 1/8	32	1 1/4	200	7,87	260	10,24	125	4,92	120	89

Table V. Drill hole diameter / Accessories for fractional sizes

Drill	bit	Rods	Rebar	Internal anchor	Bru	ısh	Injecti	on adapter
Ø [inch]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Туре	Item. No.	Size	Color
7/16	12	3/8	-	-	BS12	78179	-	-
1/2	14	-	#3	-	BS14	78180	12	nature
9/16	15	1/2	-	-	BS14	78180	14	blue
5/8	16	-	#4	-	BS 16/18	78181	16	red
3/4	18	5/8	-	RG MI 3/8	BS 16/18	78181	18	yellow
13/16	20	-	#5	RG MI 1/2	BS 20	52277	20	green
7/8	22	3/4	#6	-	BS 20	52277	20	green
1	25	7/8	-	RG MI 5/8	BS 25	97806	25	black
1 1/8	28	1	#7	-	BS 28	78183	28	blue
1 1/4	32	1 1/8	#8	RG MI 3/4	BS 35	78184	30	grey
1 3/8	35	1 1/4	#9	-	BS 35	78184	35	brown
1 1/2	40	-	#10	-	BSB 40	505061	40	red
1 3/4	45	-	#11	-	BSB 45	506254	45	yellow

Table VI. Fractional threaded rods

d_a	c	d _o	h,	ef,min	h_{ef}	,max	h	min	S _{min} =	= c _{min}	ma	x T _{inst}
[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft·lb]
3/8	12	7/16	60	2 3/8	191	7 1/2	hef + 30	hef + 1,25	42.5	1.67	20	15
1/2	15	9/16	70	2 3/4	254	10	(≥100)	(≥4)	57.5	2.26	41	30
5/8	18	3/4	79	3 1/8	318	12 1/2			65	2.56	68	50
3/4	22	7/8	89	3 1/2	381	15			80	3.15	122	90
7/8	25	1	89	3 1/2	445	17 1/2	b 1 2d	h 10d	95	3.74	136	100
1	28	1 1/8	102	4	508	20	$h_{ef} + 2d_0$	h _{ef} + 2d ₀	110	4.33	183	135
1 1/8	32	1 1/4	114	4 1/2	572	22 1/2			135	5.31	244	180
1 1/4	35	1 3/8	127	5	635	25			160	6.30	325	240

Table VII. Fractional reinforcing bars

d_a / d_b	c	I_0	h	ef,min	h _{ef}	,max	h	min	S _{min} =	= C _{min}	max	T _{inst} 1
[-]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft·lb]
#3	14	1/2	60	2 3/8	191	7 1/2	h _{ef} + 30 (≥100)	h _{ef} + 1,25 (≥4)	43	1.69	30	22
#4	16	5/8	70	2 3/4	254	10			58	2.28	60	44
#5	20	13/16	79	3 1/8	318	12 1/2			65	2.56	110	81
#6	22	7/8	89	3 1/2	381	15			80	3.15	175	129
#7	28	1 1/8	89	3 1/2	445	17 1/2	h _{ef} + 2d ₀	h _{ef} + 2d ₀	95	3.74	240	177
#8	32	1 1/4	102	4	508	20			110	4.33	320	236
#9	35	1 3/8	114	4 1/2	572	22 1/2		·	130	5.12	380	280
#10	40	1 1/2	127	5	635	25			160	6.30	450	332
#11	45	1 3/4	140	5 1/2	699	27 1/2			175	6.89	450	332

¹Torque moment only required when using threaded reinforcing bars to resist seismic loading

Table VIII. Fractional internal threaded anchor

d_{e}	C	l _a		d_0	h	ef		h _{min}	S _{min} =	= c _{min}	max	x T _{inst}
[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft·lb]
RG MI 3/8	16	5/8	18	3/4	90	3,54	125	4,92	65	2,56	20	15
RG MI 1/2	18	11/16	20	13/16	125	4,92	165	6,50	75	2,95	40	30
RG MI 5/8	22	7/8	24	1	160	6,30	205	8,07	95	3,74	80	59
RG MI 3/4	28	1 1/8	32	1 1/4	200	7,87	260	10,24	125	4,92	120	89

Table IX. Processing and curing times

		Tempe	erature Rar	nge ¹		Working time / processing time	Curing time
						\mathbf{t}_{work}	t_{cure}
	[°C]			[°F]		[min]	[h]
-5	to	0	23	to	32	240	200
> 0	to	5	> 32	to	41	150	90
> 5	to	10	> 41	to	50	120	40
> 10	to	20	> 50	to	68	30	22
> 20	to	30	> 68	to	86	14	10
> 30	to	40	> 86	to	104	7	5

 $^{^{1}}$ Minimal cartridge temperature +5 $^{\circ}$ C / +41 $^{\circ}$ F

FIGURE 6—FIS EM PLUS INSTALLATION INFORMATION (Continued)

Thread end geometry threaded rod fischer FIS A

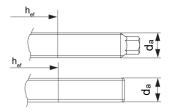




Alternative point geometry threaded rod fischer FIS A and RG M



Alternative head geometry fischer FIS A and RG M



Marking (on random place) fischer anchor rod:

Steel zinc plated PC ¹ 8.8	• or +	Steel hot-dip PC ¹ 8.8	•
High corrosion resistant steel HCR PC ¹ 50	•	High corrosion resistant steel HCR PC ¹ 70	-
High corrosion resistant steel HCR PC¹ 80	(Stainless steel R property class 50	~
Stainless steel R property class 80	*		

Alternatively: Colour coding according to DIN 976-1:2016

¹PC = property class

FIGURE 7—FISCHER THREADED RODS FIS A AND RGM







Cartridge System FIS EM Plus 390 S, 585 S and 1500 S







Threaded Rod

Reinforcing Bar

Internal Threaded Anchor fischer RG M I



Static Mixer e.g. fischer FIS MR Plus



Injection Adapters

Extension Tube



Dispenser e.g fischer FIS DM S



Dust extraction system e.g. fischer FVC 35 M



Hollow Drill Bit e.g fischer FHD



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-1990 LABC and LARC Supplement

Reissued September 2021

This report is subject to renewal September 2023.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

fischer FIS EM PLUS ADHESIVE ANCHORING SYSTEM AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report <u>ESR-1990</u>, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2020 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report <u>ESR-1990</u>, comply with the LABC Chapter 19, and the LARC, and are subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in cracked and uncracked concrete described in this evaluation report must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report <u>ESR-1990</u>.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and labeling of the anchors are in accordance with the 2018 *International Building Code*® (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report ESR-1990.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16 and, 17, as applicable.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.
- The allowable and strength design values listed in the evaluation report and tables are for the connection of the adhesive
 anchors or post-installed reinforcing bars to the concrete. The connection between the adhesive anchors or post-installed
 reinforcing bars and the connected members shall be checked for capacity (which may govern).
- For use in wall anchorage assemblies to flexible diaphragm applications, anchors shall be designed per the requirements
 of City of Los Angeles Information Bulletin P/BC 2020-071.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued September 2021.





ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-1990 CBC and CRC Supplement

Issued September 2021

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DIVISION: 03 00 00— CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00— Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

fischer FIS EM PLUS ADHESIVE ANCHORING SYSTEM AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1990, have also been evaluated for compliance with the code(s) noted below.

Applicable code edition(s):

■ 2019 California Building Code (CBC)

For evaluation of applicable chapters adopted by the California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) and Division of State Architect (DSA), see Sections 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 below.

■ 2019 California Residential Code (CRC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

2.1 CBC:

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-1990, comply with CBC Chapter 19, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2018 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 16, 17 and 19, as applicable.

2.1.1 OSHPD:

The applicable OSHPD Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.1.2 DSA:

The applicable DSA Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.2 CRC:

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-1990, comply with CRC Section R301.1.3, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2018 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 16, 17 and 19, as applicable.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued September 2021.





ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-1990 FBC Supplement

Reissued September 2021

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

fischer FIS EM PLUS ADHESIVE ANCHORING SYSTEM AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1990, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2020 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The fischer FIS EM Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-1990, comply with the Florida Building Code—Building and the Florida Building Code— Residential, provided the design requirements are determined in accordance with the Florida Building Code—Building or the Florida Building Code—Residential, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1990 for the 2018 International Building Code® meet the requirements of the Florida Building Code—Building or the Florida Building Code—Residential, as applicable.

Use of the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System has also been found to be in compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the Florida Building Code—Building and the Florida Building Code—Residential with the following condition:

a) For connections subject to uplift, the connection must be designed for no less than 700 pounds (3114 N).

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality-assurance program is audited by a quality-assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official, when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued September 2021.

